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THE CAUCASIAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

By MARION BUTLER,
Editor and Proprietor.

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THE CAUCASIAN.

Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

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When you wish an easy shave,
As good as barber ever gave,
Just call on us at our saloon
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We cut and dress the hair with grace,
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And all our art and skill can do,
If you just call, we'll do for you.
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GREGORY-ARLIGTON HOTELS.
Good fare, attentive servants and large comfortable rooms.
When you get off the train "Isaac" (everybody knows Isaac) will be there. Give him your baggage and go with him.
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The great and orignal leader in low prices for men's clothes. Economy in cloth and money will force you to give him a call.
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THE EDITOR'S CHAIR.

HOW THINGS LOOK FROM OUR STAND POINT.

The Opinion of The Editor and the Opinion of Others which we Can Endorse on the Various Topics of the Day.

The New Berne Journal raises the danger flag and declares war in the following language:

"A danger menaces the Democratic party of the country. It does not come from the disciplined forces of its old enemy, the Republican party, but from men who ride out of its own ranks under a banner inscribed with its own principles. In a word the Democracy is menaced by the Alliance."

Then we suppose the Journal and those who think like it will fight the menacing danger. The Alliance, striving for the repeal of unjust and tyranous laws, for the enactment of remedial legislation and for the uplifting of the empoverished masses, is a menace to Democracy! Then surely latter day Democracy has degenerated in practice from what it once was in both theory and practice. No, the trouble is that the majority of the party has decided to assert itself and use the machinery for bringing about relief. The minority probably do not object to the relief coming, but they object to the rank and file asserting itself. They fear that this means a change of leadership. Ah, there is the trouble! And it is from that element of the Democratic party that the howl is coming. The great majority of the party is the Alliance and those who are with it in its efforts. Yes there is danger, but to the politician only.

Further on in the same article the Journal says:

"Gratitude should cause the masses to stand by the Democracy."

Gratitude to whom? Gratitude to themselves! and gratitude to themselves for what? For allowing the Government to become corrupt and offers them. The masses are blaming no body but themselves and have not much to be grateful to themselves for. They are awakened to a sense of their duty by the necessity of self-preservation. They are determined and are moving in solid phalanx to have undone those things which should not have been done and to do those things that should have been done. But says the politician don't blame me, I have been trying for twenty years so do something for you but couldn't. Well, admit it, says the masses. but don't you now stand in the way of those who can.

The Wilmington Messenger on last Sunday says:

The Clinton Caucasian rings the changes upon the above term (common people) used by us in an editorial. He thinks, perhaps he can injure the Messenger by taking the words out of their connection and making them appear as if intended to be offensive.

"He thinks he can injure the Messenger," etc. It is unworthy of the venerable editor of that paper to attribute to us any such desire or motive. We do not consider the term "common people" offensive in the least, for we ourselves do not lay claim to belonging to any other class, and we don't think we have many friends in any other class. We "rung the changes" upon the term simply to remind the Messenger of its preposterous claim that the common people were for Cleveland and that the politicians were trying to defeat him. Since such a statement if made seriously would show great ignorance of the true situation, therefore we persist in considering it one of Dr. Kingsbury's huge jokes.

Speaking of injurying the Messenger, if we were to try we could not damage it as much as did the editorial in last Friday's issue, headed "The Atlanta meeting." An editorial written in that style and with that spirit cannot win the paper any friends among fair-minded men, either in the Alliance or outside.

The News and Observer in commenting on a speech recently made by an Allianceman in which he said that the tariff was not the leading issue now before the American people, says:

"What will people of information say of a speaker who indulges in such a wild and reckless assertion? They must either excuse him on the plea of ignorance, or conclude that he is a very harmless demagogue, because he publishes so plainly his intention to mislead that no one will be deceived by him."

Could not the above language be applied at least with equal force to those who ridicule and attempt to belittle the financial reforms demanded by the Alliance. Prejudice, get thee hence and let us all see the truth!

The Charlotte Chronicle says:

"The Farmers' Alliance is now rapidly crystalizing into two hostile factions, and they are gathering into two well divided camps. The sharp division is being brought about upon the sub-treasury scheme and the danger is that the dissensions will completely destroy the organization that has done so much for the education and co-operation of the farmers."

There is no danger. The Alliance will not split. The Sub-Treasury is only a MEANS. Financial reform is the principle, and is only one of several others on which this movement is based. The national banking system must go. If the Sub-Treasury is not the best instrument to root it out, then this discussion will show something better. The people have determined to have a larger and a flexible volumn of money, a currency that will respond to the natural law of supply and demand, and this must come, Sub-Treasury or no Sub-Sub-Treasury.

A correspondent "S" to the News and Observer says:

If Democrats, in and out of the Alliance, will unite in controlling the Democratic party in the interests of the people and of good government; make true the empty boast of equal laws and equal rights, make finance the first issue; tariff reform the second issue; income tax the third issue; and nominate candidates from President down who are not in sympathy with monopoly, nor with Wall street, nor with gold bug leaders, there will never be any necessity for a third party.

But if the Plutocrats capture our great party, as they are striving to do, where will the people stand? They have owned the Republican party ever since its birth, and own it now. We can hope for nothing from it.

A third party triumphant means more that a peaceful revolution. Our Democratic leaders must be in sympathy with the fundamental principles of the Alliance. If good Democrats they are and will be. If not good Democrats they should not be nominated. The people must rule.

The News and Observer compliments the correspondent and refers approvingly to a part of the communication, but does the paper endorse the above.—ED.]

The Weekly Weather Crop Bulletid reports the average condition of crops in Eastern Carolina as follows:

"Crops in good condition, especially corn. Cotton continues from two to three weeks late. Present condition of crops. Cotton, 70; tobacco 83; wheat 88; oats 77; grasses 89; potatoes 82."

Grass seems to be our best natural crop. Then why not raise more hay? That seems to be our best crop. It would astonish one to know how much Northern hay is shipped to this section each year.

DUPLIN COUNTY.

(Special Correspondent.)

WARSAW NOTES.

Miss Katie Lewis, of Wilmington, is visiting at Mr. H. E. Blackmore.

Matt. J. Pearsall, who has been attending the University for three years, has accepted a position on the editorial staff of The Morning Star. We are glad to know that our Duplin boys are doing so well.

Rev. T. P. Ricaud and family, of New Berne, have been visiting T. R. Ricaud, Jr. We are always glad to have them with us.

There will be an Alliance picnic at Friendship on the 24th instant. All are invited to bring a basket and enjoy the day. There will be some fine speaking.

MAGNOLIA NOTES.

Delightful showers.

Huckleberries are a thing of the past.

Watermelons have become plentiful, and the average darky is supremely happy.

The charming family of Capt. S. A. Johnson left for Virginia last week, to spend sometime in the mountains.

Dr. Charlie Boyette, of Mt. Olive, was in town a few days last week on a professional visit.

Mr. F. M. Sawyer, one of our best young men, has gone to Goldsboro to accept a position in the Gregory hotel.

Miss Lila Lewis, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. R. Newbury, has returned to Faison, her home.

Miss Maggie Davis, of Wilmington, is visiting the family of Dr. McMillan.

Rev. W. M. Shaw, our popular Superintendent of Public Instruction, has gone to Suffolk on a short trip.

Miss Maud Harris, of Raleigh, and Miss Belle Sawyer left Saturday to visit friends in lower Duplin.

Miss Ella Beasley has gone to Enfield to visit her cousin.

The family of Mr. H. E. Newbury are spending the summer at Wrightsville.

Picnics are all the go now, and our young folks are having a grand time.

Senator Marion Butler, of Sampson, was in town Friday, on his way out to a Farmers' Alliance picnic at Concord, to deliver an address.

Asst. State Lecturer Hunter will speak here on next Wednesday, July 29th. His appointment has been changed from Concord to Magnolia.
K. M. A.

A boy, kept in after school for bad orthography, excused himself to his parents by saying that he was spellibound.

TEN MINUTES TO TWELVE

By McCLELLAND

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SYNOPSIS!

CHAPTER 1.—Dr. John Hart Royal, who has been seriously injured in a railway accident, is a passenger on a train running to the mountain districts of Virginia, and by chance a Dr. John Hart Royal No. 2 gets on board at a way station and proffers attention to the invalid.

CHAPTER 2.—Dr. Royal No. 2 insists that the suffering man shall wait over at the town of Matoaca and recruit his strength. The stop is made, and Dr. Royal No. 1 confides to the other that he must reach a distant point before 12 o'clock the following day to be married to his cousin, Phyllis Royal. A fortune for the cousins, bequeathed by an eccentric aunt, depends upon the marriage being celebrated before that time. Convinced by his medical judgment that the prospective bridegroom cannot make the journey alive, Dr. Royal No. 2 offers to go on as a proxy and is accepted.

CHAPTER 3.—The proxy reaches the church where the parties are assembled awaiting the traveler. The ceremony is finished ten minutes to 12.

CHAPTER 4.—The anxiety of Dr. Royal No. 1 is explained to No. 2 by the discovery that the bride is blind.

CHAPTER 5.—The proxy and bride set out on the wedding tour, and at Matoaca Dr. Royal No. 2 hastens to the bedside of No. 1 and finds that he is dead, having passed away at exactly ten minutes to 12 on the day of the marriage.

CHAPTER 6 AND 7.—The proxy learns something of the family affairs of the Royals, and makes a public acknowledgement of Phylis as his wife.

CHAPTER 8.—The law in the case is made clear, and Dr. Reyal No. 2 finds that he is legally married and determins to stand by it. The bride remains in ignorance of the situation by reason of her blindness and long separation from her cousin.

CHAPTER IX.

They were sitting in a darkened room.

A decision once reached, Royal's mind clarified, like a pool in the quiescence which follows a violent stirring up. His difficulties were by no means dissolved or dissipated, any more than is the mud at the bottom of the pool, but for the moment they sank out of sight.

The day following was the one appointed for the operation, and when that should be over he would go away for a time, so as to leave Phyllis in the state of absolute calm which would be essential to complete the cure. He had already exceeded the limit he had allowed himself for holiday making, and his affairs in the west required his presence. His practice had been intrusted to a brother physician on whose time and courtesy he felt he could no longer trespass, and, as he had assumed new responsibilities, and was, moreover, a man by no means independent of his own exertions, it behooved him to return home and look after his interests.

Phyllis must remain in Alexandria to be near the oculist for many months to come, and during that time Royal hoped to arrange matters in such a fashion as to withdraw his future, in a measure, from the shadow of the dead man's past. The feeling of possession, of being himself, and yet other than himself, which had been so strong upon him during the ceremony, had modified, but enough of it remained to make him restive. To himself he neither denied the impression nor attempted to explain it, and he spoke of the matter to no one. That the soul of a dying man, freed from the material in the intensity of a dominant and unfulfilled desire, should, operating through spiritual or imaginative laws, influence the soul of another man dominated by the same desire and in an abnormally quickened condition by reason of nervous excitement, was to him a thinkable proposition, and one which it would require no more credulity to admit than would be demanded by nine-tenths of the theses constantly presented for the consideration of mankind.

The intellectual man was in Royal sufficiently developed to enable him to recognize that all thought pertaining to that infinite which permeates and transcends material things must forever root itself in instinct and intuition, and also that his individual knowledge of the laws of spirit or imagination, gleaned from observation of their manifestation in the life of matter, was, relative to his ignorance, as a single plume from an eagle's wing to the sum of the bird's aerial journeyings.

Still, withal, Royal was a very human natured man, and since realization that Phyllis was his own wife had come to him matrimonial association of her, even in idea, with another man had become offensive. It was not that he was jealous of the dead man's memory; Royal was not sufficiently in love for that, and would besides have been incapable of the meanness. Phyllis, as his wife, would be quite as free to expend regret upon her cousin as though she were still unwed. That which galled Royal was his inability for the time to escape, in her thought, from the dead man's identity—the knowledge that he was not himself to her, but the incarnation of another soul. It gave him when with her a sense of duality which was maddening. The endeavor to think the things which John Royal might have thought, and to speak the words which John Royal might have spoken, made him at times feel almost ready to cut his own throat, if only to evict the interloping spirit which seemed to share the material tenement with his own.

"I know to the finest fiber of sensation how it feels to be haunted," he whimsically declared to Mrs. Hart. "Ever since that fellow thrust his identity upon me my soul has had a Siamese twin. He ought to be ashamed to hang on to earth so. It's stealing a march on the other ghosts who have cut into the Infinite the instant death shuts the door on them."

"It won't be for long now," comforted the lady. "And after a while, when it shall have become past experience, you'll view it as a psychological phenomenon of great interest and importance. You'll take pride in it as an exceptional manifestation of heaven knows what, and write articles, which nobody will read, or could understand if they did, devoted entirely to its analysis—from which you will gain renown."

"That may be," grumbled Royal, "but as present experience I find duality of being disconcerting. If I don't get out of this before long I'll blurt the whole truth out to Phyllis, if only to give my incommoded soul standing room in its own body."

Mrs. Hart laughed. "I wonder Phyllis has never suspected anything. The idea that you may be other than you seem never appears to shadow her mind. To be sure, the time has been short and your intercourse desultory and superficial; added to which, her whole soul is absorbed in anticipations about the recovery of her sight. But you are obliged to make blunders—multitudes of blunders—and she ought to notice them. I'm disappointed in her penetration."

"You needn't be," Royal retorted. "My familiar stands by me better than that. When I blunder I recover myself with a nimbleness and celerity which would shame an acrobat. You underrate my ability. I'm getting more adept of substitution and suppression which would furnish capital for the founders of many theories. Besides, we've the margin of those six years, into which considerable change may be crowded."

In which last statement Royal fastened on a truth, for with Phyllis all discrepancies (and the time, as Mrs. Hart remarked, had been too short for many) were put down to the inevitable growth, modification and readjustments effected by the passage of time. Phyllis was a sensible girl, wise with the wisdom of thought and nature, and she was conscious of so much change in herself that it seemed reasonable to suppose that her cousin had changed also. That he had ceased to be a demonstrative man had surprised her at first, because the lover of her memory had been addicted to endearments.

Then she reflected that it was quite natural he should no longer love her in the old way, since, latterly, that long gap had not even been bridged by letters. It would take time and mutual knowledge to erect a new love, or rather a new superstructure of love in which to dwell; for the foundation must be secure still, else he could not have done for her sake the things which she knew he had done. She did not associate the idea of the money with his conduct in any ignoble way. There was no intimate juxtaposition between love and money in her mind, for life on a lonely country farm prevents the two from seeming in any way interdependent.

She could think the matter out at leisure and demonstrate it quite to her satisfaction, for she was no more actively in love than she supposed her cousin to be—only deeply grateful, and filled with trust in him and content that he should be her husband. No man could be more considerate, she thought, or show more solicitude in regard to obedience to instructions—although, to be sure, he was a physician himself, which of course gave them greater value in his eyes. His self control appeared to her noble and beautiful, and she determined that when her eyes should be opened—unconsciously she used the scriptural phrase—she would show him how sweet a thing could be a woman's gratitude.

Then her thought would hover yearningly, as it had done for years, over her chances of recovery of sight, until she would bethink her of the oculist's instructions and dismiss the matter as much as might be from her mind.

Save in the matter of caresses (which he felt would be an unfair advantage to take of her), Royal was not remiss in loverlike attentions. He intended to win the girl's love if possible before he should claim her as his wife, for he had wholesome notions relative to marriage. While not consciously in love as yet he was strongly attracted, and he healthily and manfully set himself to make of the attraction a line which the stronger emotion would find it easy to follow. It was in his favor that he had had no previous affaire de coeur—that his profession had insensibly led him to generalize women. It was in his favor also that when he embarked upon an enterprise his nature drove him on the course without much regard for wind or tide. If a man should marry a woman it was his business to love her as his own soul, and to strain every nerve to make her happy. Such was his simple creed, as it is, unconfessedly, the creed of more men than gain credit for it with either the world or women.

So Phyllis discovered in him no lack, being preoccupied by her great hope and not rendered exacting by any selfishness of passion. Once a thought, or rather speculation, as to the events of those six years of absence caused her to put a question to him. They were sitting in a darkened room, the girl at the

[Continued on Second Page.]

THE RAMBLER

Takes a Trip Through Upper Sampson and the Edge of Cumberland and Back by Autryville and Roseboro.

[Special Correspondent.]

Eastern Sampson boasts of its fine forests, but Western Sampson can well boast of its fine crops of cotton and corn.

The crops of Mingo are not so good as last year but decidedly much better than any other part of the county. Mr. N. A. Layton has four acres of cotton that is six inches higher than anything around Clinton.

Found the land very productive, having a clay subsoil capable of sustaing any crop grown in Eastern North Carolina.

Our first night was spent at Mr. N. A. Layton, a clever, congenial, successful farmer.

Found a good many farmers near Dunn trucking to some extent.

From thence we went through the Scotch settlement of southern Cumberland, finding a very fine crop of cotton and corn above an average and besides the most hospitable people I ever knew.

Pass through Godwin to find only a small town with but few houses.

Our second night we spent at Col. Tom De Vane's, one of Cumberland's most energetic and progressive farmers. There we spent a most enjoyable night only to wake on the morrow with the sad thoughts of departure. Picture in your imagination an ancient villa surrounded by every comfort obtainable and all nature's beauty to add to the attraction and you will have that model christian home and its inhabitants.

Wednesday we visited Capt. J. L. Autry's the home and business to some extent of North Carolina's Turpentine King.

From thence we went to the growing and progressive town of Autryville, the home of Capt. Autry's mammoth turpentine business. We found 8 mercantile establishments, 5 of which were occupied; 2 hotels, 1 saw-mill, 3 turpentine stills buying about 150 barrels per day upon an average of $2.75 per barrel. Autryville is a beautiful little town, situated on a sand hill on the south bank of South river, on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, 15 miles from Fayetteville, in the midst of an extensive turpentine region. It is considered one of the healthiest places on the C. F. & Y. V. from Wilmington to Fayetteville, being 11 feet higher than any other. We also found there the South River Baptist Institute with indications of a fine school this fall under the supervision of Mr. John A. Oates, Jr. Through the kindness of Capt. Autry they have an excellent school building and one of the prettiest churches in the county. Viewing this modern little metropolis as it is in its infancy we can see in store for it a thriving, energetic and progressive little town.

We next went to Roseboro and found it situated on a clay subsoil, with a good country to back it. There we found 13 stores, 9 of which were occupied; 1 hotel, 2 saw-mills, 2 turpentine stills and the best carriage shops from Wilmington to Fayetteville. Lookout, Clinton, or the new towns will eclipse you in trade and progress.
D. T. O.

BILL NYE ON THE

North Carolina Mule—His Peculiarities.

Bill Nye, writing to the New York World, from "Skyland Thought Works," (Bill Nye, proprietor and and operator) near Asheville, says:

The mule also flourishes here, and it is well to take a day off while he is doing so. The mule is rarely found associated with his own kind here, but is often hitched up with a highly mortified horse, or sometimes a budding heifer of two or three summers.

The North Carolina mule has never been entirely satisfied with the terms of surrender at Appomattox, and it has embittered him a good deal, so that instead of taking up the duties and obligations of life and winning success for himself he strikes one as being rather morbid and unhappy. He seems also prone to comment harshly on the lack of congeniality among his parents, and to be constantly asking himself, "Is Marriage a Failure?"

SAD DEATH.

We clip the following from the Sumpter (S. C.) Appeal:

"We regret to chronicle the death of Mr. Harry J. Carr, the well known builder and contractor, which occurred at his residence in this city Wednesday night, after an illness of six weeks. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and his funeral services were held there Thursday evening. He leaves a wife, three children and a number of relatives to mourn their loss."

Mr. Carr was a native of Sampson County.

La Grippe Again.

During the epidemic of La Grippe last season King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly relieved, but the disease left no bad after results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase price will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any Throat, Chest or Lung Trouble. Trial bottles free at Dr. R. H. Holliday's Drugstore, Clinton, and Mr. John R. Smith's Drugstore, Mt. Olive, N. C.

A recipe for lemon pie vaguely adds: "Then sit on a hot stove and stir constantly." Just as if anybody could sit on a hot stove without stirring constantly.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN WAGES.

Wages by the Yard and Pound Lower in America Than in England.

A German manufacturer of woolen goods, who visited this country with a view to establishing a branch manufactory here in order to retain the market out of which the McKinley law has practically shut him, has written to a New York paper giving the reasons why he abandoned the idea of building here. His principal reason was the tax on raw wool, which would make it impossible for him to sell any of his product outside of the United States.

Our protectionists usually represent that the one great disadvantage which confronts our manufacturers in competition with the manufacturers of Europe is the higher price of labor in this country. This German manufacturer, however, did not find that there was near so great a difference of wages as has been claimed. Indeed, he says that, after personal inquiries in the industrial districts of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, he finds that the average rate is scarcely 25 per cent. higher than in Germany; and he asks what this amounts to when the woolen products are subject to duties ranging from 80 to 160 per cent.

It has long been known by people who care to inform themselves of the exact facts that cotton and woolen weaving costs less per year for labor in the United States than in any European country. Wages are admitted to be generally higher, often much higher, here by the day or week, but as our labor is more productive, a yard of cloth is actually woven more cheaply with us than in Europe. This is a fact officially certified to by the authorities at Washington under Republican administration.

In 1889 our consuls in Europe were directed by Secretary of the Treasury F. T. Frelinghuysen to report upon the cotton and woolen weaving industries in their respective districts. Our consul at Manchester, England, Albert D. Shaw, reported upon the cotton goods industry of Lancashire. In the course of his report he gave certain tables prepared by the late Mr. James Thornly, of Manchester, showing the labor cost of cotton weaving at several English and American centers. This Mr. Thornly visited America in 1870 as the "special commissioner" of the Manchester Textile Manufacturers, and wrote a series of letters which Consul Shaw vouches for as "reliable."

Here are two tables quoted by Consul Shaw from the letters of Mr. Thornly which give the English and the American cost of weaving what is called printing cloth—that is, the cloth from which calico prints are made:

	28 in., 60 reed, 14 picks (28x60), 53 yards.	39 in., 60 reed, 16 picks (39x60), 59 yards.
In England—	Cents.	Cents.
Ashton-under-Lyne	3.62	5.30
Stockport	3.48	5.43
Hyde	3.38	3.39
Average	3.60	5.38
	39 in., 60 reed, 14 picks (39x60), 59 yards.	39 in., 60 reed, 16 picks (39x60), 59 yards.
In America—	Cents.	Cents.
Rhode Island	10.72	Unknown.
Providence	17.26	8.37
Fall River	19.26	10.39
Lowell	19.26	10.39
Average	18.70	9.66

This is a comparison of wages by the piece; a similar result is obtained in a comparison of wages by the pound of cloth woven. Thus the wage cost per pound is: In Fall River, 6.907 cents; in Lowell, 6.889 cents; in Rhode Island, 6.432 cents; in Pennsylvania, 6.44 cents; in England, 4.082 cents.

Notwithstanding our lower wages by the yard and by the pound this Englishman found that our weavers were earning more money in a week than English weavers did. The cause was simple enough. The American weavers in many cases work eight looms, a thing unheard of in England.

The figures here given show a difference which certainly has not grown less since 1870.

How extremely ridiculous, in the light of these facts, becomes the cry of "protection for American labor!" How foolish the fear of the "pauper labor" of Europe!

ROSEBORO DOTS.

(Special Correspondent.)

Roseboro has been silent for a week but she goes cheerfully to THE CAUCASIAN again.

The turpentine trade is adding much to our little town among the stumps and the sales are constantly increasing. The prices compete with any in the county.

The late rains seem to make the farmers in this section rejoice.

The colored people have announced, and desire it announced through your column that there will be a colored picnic held at this place August 14th, 1891. They wish to make it quite enjoyable occasion for their race. They will have Geo. Schurlock, John S. Leary, G. W. Herring and M. N. Holmes, colored, to address them on the occasion. They have also employed the colored band of Fayetteville to make music for the occasion. They invite all.

Mr. Barton Bullard, who has been quite sick for the past six months, was in town a few days ago. We hope to see him entirely well soon.
SWINBURN & Co.

A MARRYING MACHINE.

Paris is laughing over a joke about an American inventor who is said to have patented an electric corset that is to bring about the reign of morality at once. If one of these articles is pressed by a lover's arm it at once emits a shriek like a railway engine; and the inventor claims that he has already married three of his daughters, owing to the publicity thus thrust upon a backward lover.—Exchange.

Mirtie M. Tanner, Boonville, Ind., writes: "I had blood poison from birth. Knots on my limbs were as large as hen's eggs. Doctors said I would be a cripple, but B. B. B. has cured me sound and well. I shall ever praise the day the men who invented Blood Balm were born."

Literary Department.

Book and Magazine Reviews—Quotations—General Literary Notes.

Employ your time in improving yourself by other men's writings, so you shall come easily by what others have labored hard for.—Socrates.

For whatsoever things were written aforetime were written for our learning.—St. Paul.

Lady Macdonald as an Author.

Just before her bereavement, Lady Macdonald, widow of the late Sir John McDonald, completed her first ambitious literary effort in a series of articles for The Ladies' Home Journal, the first one of which will appear in the August number of that periodical. Last summer Lady Macdonald, with a party of friends, traveled in her private car through the most picturesque parts of Canada, and in a delightfully fresh manner she describes her experience on this trip, in these articles to which she has given the title of "An Unconventional Holliday." A series of beautiful illustrations, furnished by Lady Macdonald, will accompany the articles.

***

Amelie Rives' Silence.

The literary event of the summer in the United States will be the publication in the Cosmopolitan Magazine of a short novel by Amelie Rives, which she calls "According to St. John." It is said to be the strongest work from the pen that produced "A Brother to Dragons" and "The Quick or the Dead." Its publication in the Cosmopolitan is a guarantee that it will contain nothing of the kind that excited criticism in Miss Rives' earlier productions.

During her two years' residence abroad, Mrs. Chanler has written nothing else for the public, and this product of her natured mind may be expected to register with something like exactness, this author's position in the world of letters.

***

A Liberal Proposition.

Who has not heard of that paragon of family papers, the enterprising and popular Weekly Detroit Free Press? For a generation its name has been a household word and has become a synonym for all that is excellent, pure and elevating in journalism. It is delightfully entertaining, without resort to cheap sentimentalism, instructive without being prosy or pedantic. Combining the literary qualities of the expensive magazine with the bright, breezy characteristics of a newspaper, it leaves nothing to be desired by the average reader. It is looked upon as a welcome visitor by every family who reads it, while thousands regard it as indispensable and would on no account go without it. An enormous circulation of 125,000 copies per week attests its wonderful popularity. Recognizing the fact that there are those who are unfamiliar with its surpassing merits as a home paper, the publishers offer to send The Free Press to them for the balance of this year (over five months) for only 30 cents—a club of four for $1 or a club of ten for $2. All our readers should subscribe at once. Sample copies free.

Rev. James H. Corden, pastor M. F. Church, Wilson, N. C., says: I have used Bradycrotine and never in a single instance failed to obtain immediate relief from headache when directions were followed.

How is This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 16 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by J. R. Smith, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C., and Dr. R. H. Holliday, Clinton, N. C.

WHERE JOHNSTON MET SHERMAN.

There stands three miles west of Durham, in sight of the North Carolina Railroad, an humble, unpretentious cabin. In this cabin Johnston met Sherman more than a quarter of a century ago and arranged with him the details of his surrender to him. The historic cabin is now owned by Mr. B. L. Duke, of Durham, who contemplates having it taken to the Chicago World's Fair for exhibition.—Ex.

REV. ANDERSON BUTLER IN DURHAM.

Rev. A. A. Butler, of Sampson county and a theological student of Wake Forest College, has been temporarily called by the congregation of the Second Baptist church to fill the pulpit made vacant by the removal Rev. J. N. Booth to Edgefield, S. C. Mr. Butler will have charge of the church during his vacation, at the close of which he will return to his studies at Wake Forest College.—Durham Globe.

Progress.

It is very important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be pleasing to the taste and to the eye, easily taken, acceptable to the stomach and healthy in its nature and effects. Possessing these qualities, Syrup of Figs is the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

THE WORLD'S NEWS

SINCE LAST THURSDAY, CAREFULLY ASSORTED AND CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

STATE.

Grand Sire Busbee is rapidly improving.

Arrangements for the fall session of the Agricultural and Mechanical College are being rapidly made. Workmen will commence next week on the additional dormatories, and the machinery for the mechanical department will be put in position as fast as it arrives.—Ral. Cor. Wil. Messenger.

NATIONAL.

All the big Southern railroads are reported to have gone into a combine to regulate their through traffic.

Gen. J. B. Weaver and Col. L. L. Polk spoke at a big Alliance rally at Atlanta last week.

There is trouble in Tennessee between convict labor and miners. It seems that the owners of mines made a contract for convicts and dismissed their men. The miners, about 1,000, are armed and say that the convicts shall not go to work. Gov. Buchanan has ordered out the entire State militia. The last reports show the miners too strong for the whole State militia.

Ten Minutes to Twelve.

(Continued from First Page.)

piano and Royal in a low chair not far removed from her. She had been playing for him, soft music with minor cadences. Something in it suggested the thought to which she gave utterance with the directness of a child:

"Have you ever loved a woman, John? Not me, in that old time when we were both so young and didn't understand things. I mean real love—the kind of feeling that makes thought of one particular woman like the pulse of a man's heart to him. You needn't be afraid to tell me if you should have. I shall not be jealous." Then, slowly, and more truthfully, "At least I don't think I shall."

The end of her sentence suggested a possibility which brought a smile to Royal's lips and set his nerves to thrilling. Had she been other than she was he might have been tempted to the experiment of quickening love by goading it with the baser passion. But in her helpless darkness he felt that a man would be a brute who should even wound her vanity.

"No," he answered simply. "I have never loved a woman—that is, any other woman but you."

She turned toward him with the swiftness and certainty of a woman gifted with sight, and laid her hand upon his arm. Then, before he could divine her intention, she had slipped from her place at the instrument and was on her knees beside his chair. He trembled a little, but kept still. She laid her other hand against his cheek and turned his face toward her.

"There is something I want you to do for me, John," she said, in a low voice; "just a little thing, but it will make a difference to us later on. If you had ever loved another woman, I should not ask it—should not want it; but now"—

"Yes?" he murmured, for she had paused.

Her head drooped toward him until her forehead touched his shoulder. "Let my husband's face be the first that my eyes shall see when the light of day is given back to them," she whispered.

Royal's pulses throbbed madly, and his effort to restrain his longing to clasp her to his breast and seek her lips with his own amounted well nigh to physical pain. The anomaly of the situation mocked him. He dared not take advantage, knowing as he did that the husband whose image was in her heart was not the husband against whose breast she leaned. He could not answer her because of the struggle in his soul, nor could he let her go unanswered. He lifted her face between his hands and touched with his lips once—twice—the silken bandage which covered those sealed eyes.

[Continued next week.]

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

[Special Correspondent]

Stedman, N. C.

Prof. Street Brewer will take charge of Beverdam High School in August.

We have had good rains, crops look very promising and the farmers are in good spirits. We hear of a great deal of sickness.

Rev. Wm. Brunt preached an excellent sermon at Beverdam church on last Sunday. He is a fine preacher.

BILL NYE ON THE GEORGIA RAZOR-BACK HOG.

Bill Nye celebrated the 4th of July at his "Skyland Thought Works," near Asheville, by saying a jokey speech to his admirers. The following is one of 'em:

"I will first tell you," continued Bill, in his peculiar, comical way, "a story I expect you have all heard. [As a matter of fact the story is of the vintage of 1854]—about a rare and peculiar insect which flourishes in the State of Georgia. I refer to the razor-back hog. I was traveling through the State once on the railroad, and had a chance to thoroughly investigate this peculiar animal, as he kept along side the train for 15 or 20 miles. But I finally lost sight of it, as the train gradually fell behind. I turned to a companion and remarked that there didn't seem to be any money in cultivating such a hog as that, and asked him why they didn't try to cultivate the Northern hog, the fat wheezy variety. The man looked at me steadily for a minute and then replied that it don't pay to raise a hog that can't run faster than a nigger." So you see the race problem is not yet settled in that part of the country."

The Ladies Delighted.

The pleasant effect and the perfect safety with which ladies may use the liquid fruit laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effectual in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

WOMAN'S SPHERE.

It is every woman's duty, first to herself, second to her family, and third to society to appear neat, attractive and to an advantage in every way possible

DRESS.

A TEA GOWN FIT FOR AN ANGEL.

The ruff characterized the Elizabethan period, the hoop distinguished the Georgian day, but the glory and triumph of the nineteenth century is the tea gown, with its floating, ethereal draperies, its clinging, caressing folds, its daintiness and richness of decoration. Beautiful as a poet's dream or an artist's vision, such a one we saw the other day in all its loveliness.

About any human woman would be willing to have a slight attack of pneumonia for the sake of receiving in a gown like that.

The secret of good dressing lies in the simplicity of style and the adaptation to the complexion and figure.

FEATHERS ALWAYS THE PROPER THING.

It always delights the female heart when feathers are in vogue. This season they are used on all garments, from the tea gown to the outside wrap and hat. This fondness for feathers is not to be wondered at, for they are always becoming. A pretty girl in a large hat with black ostrich feathers is twice as fascinating as with any other style of hat, and a trimming of feathers about the neck of an older woman softens all the lines of the face. Mrs. Stanley affects large hats and ostrich feathers.

THE TABLE.

It has been said, "there are but a few things on which health and happiness depend more than on the manner in which food is cooked."

MEDICAL VEGETABLES.

Spinach has a direct effect upon the kidneys.

Beets and turnips are excellent appetizers.

Tomattoes act upon the liver and asparagus purges the blood.

Lettuce and cucumbers are cooling in their effects upon the system.

Common dandelion used as greens is excellent for kidney troubles.

Celery acts admirably upon the nervous system, and is a cure for rheumatism and neuralgia.

A soup made from onions is regarded by the French as an excellent restorative in debility of the digestive organs.

Red onions are an excellent diuretic, and the white ones are recommended to be eaten raw as a remedy for insomnia.

Onions, garlic, leeks, olives and shallots possess medicinal virtue of a very marked character, stimulating the musculatory system, and the consequent increase in the saliva and the gastric juice promoting digestion.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HEINE'S OPINION OF WOMAN.

Heine, the German wit, and poetcynic, thus satirizes the fair and gentler sex: "O, the women! We must forgive them much, for they love much—and many. Their hate is probably only love turned inside out. Sometimes attribute some delinquency to us; because they think they can in this way gratify another man. When they write they always have one eye on the paper and the other on a man; and this is true of all authoresses, except the Countess Holm-Hahn, who has only one eye."

A good wife is the greatest of earthly blessings. A man is what his wife makes him. It is the mother who moulds the character and destiny of the child.

THE ART OF BABY TENDING.

Men—perhaps it would be better to say married men—who can with a show of skill handle anything from a jig saw or tennis racquet to a wheel-barrow or a tandem team, are unpardonably awkward when they take a baby. The little ones, who usually like to go to papa and rest their tiny bodies on his confident strength, are only so glad to get back to the maternal arms, cross and uncomfortable, their clothing pulled this way and that, crumpled as to frills and rumpled as to temper. There isn't any excuse for this sort of thing. It has been my lot several times to see a large hearted physician, married or single as the case might be, handle a little one with a skillful tenderness even a mother might envy. One instance was that of a little girl very ill with bronchial fever; when the doctor arrived his patient was sleeping, and he made a thorough examination of her lungs without waking her, turning her from side to side with the jugglery in which the Hindoos are said to be adapted. Now, as we can't all marry doctors, couldn't somebody start a school to teach the art of baby-tending to bungling husbands?—Becky Sharp in Ashville Citizen.

Bachelors might object to being taught the "art" by other men's wives. Who then will teach them?—Ed.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physicians recommend it.
All dealers keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

THE CARPET WOOL TAX.

VIEWS OF A FOREMOST NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURER.

Mr. Arthur T. Lyman Talks About the McKinley Tax on Carpet Wool—Higher Prices and Poor Carpets the Result—A Tax Which Benefits Nobody.

Mr. Arthur T. Lyman, of the Lowell Manufacturing company, Boston, Mass., who is one of the largest and most successful manufacturers of carpets in New England, was recently asked by a member of the New York Reform club to give his views on carpet manufacturing as affected by the wool tariff. The position of Mr. Lyman as a foremost manufacturer of carpets gives his views an authority which no outside testimony can command.

Mr. Lyman says:

Carpets and their prices are of general interest in the United States, for though rare luxuries not very many years ago they have become articles almost of common necessity. The general state of well being in this country of energetic people and of great natural wealth has afforded a great market for the products of the wonderful loom invented by Bigelow, and first put into use at the Lowell Carpet company, at Lowell, Mass., and of many other ingenious preparatory machines.

These labor saving inventions and the universal demand have caused an immense production and low prices, and the great competition of late years has left to the manufacturers generally but little profit and not seldom a loss.

Substantially all of the wool used in making carpets comes from abroad, and chiefly from Russia, Asia Minor, Persia, India and South America. These wools are chiefly long, coarse woods, and being raised under favorable natural conditions, and by people whose modes of life are very inexpensive, they are of very low cost. The necessity for revenue from any and every source during the civil war after a time caused a considerable duty to be placed on carpet woods, avowedly for revenue. When the war was over and the debt had been greatly reduced, and many taxes were taken off, this heavy tax on carpet woods was unfortunately left. It had not caused the raising of carpet woods in this country, because other woods and other products could be raised to much greater advantage, and because the conditions existing here were not favorable.

The tax on this admirable material considerably increased the cost of the carpets used so largely by the people. Of course the temptation to cheapen the fabric by the mixture of substitutes for wool was great. But until within a few years the machinery employed would not admit of the extensive use of what has of late years been used in enormous quantities, the cheap cattle hair, pretty much like that used for mixing with mortar. The ingenious machines lately invented enabled manufacturers to use enormous quantities of cheap hair, cheap until the enormous demand for it, with the increased duties of the McKinley bill on wool, made it almost as costly, though not nearly as good, as wool itself. Cotton was used largely for the warps in place of worsted.

The McKinley bill seems to have a special spite against carpet woods, and those who wish to make or use wool carpet. All noils (the short fibers of wool largely used for the weft of carpets) were excluded by the monstrous duty of thirty cents per pound (200 and 300 per cent. in many cases), and the tax on other materials [illegible] over, the ambiguities of the law and some rather forced constructions of it by the treasury department have still further increased costs, and so multiplied doubts and questions that there are few kinds of carpet wool the duty on which can be surely known.

These increased difficulties and impediments and the largely increased duties obliged carpet manufacturers to advance the prices of carpets after the passage of the McKinley bill—an advance on all wool carpets of about 10 per cent. The effect of an increased cost of wool is at once to give an advantage and an opportunity to those who use cheaper materials, and so it greatly stimulates the increased use of cotton and cattle hair, and of all kinds of waste and shoddy and torn up carpets.

The increase of price by the manufacturers may not have been fully felt in the retail shops, because on staple articles the retailer is slow to advance prices until his old stock is gone, and because his margin of profit enabled him still to sell without loss, which was not the case with the manufacturers, or because he substituted for the all wool carpets those with a greater or less proportion of cheap substitutes for wool.

Of course if one cannot afford to pay for a wool carpet there is no reason why he should not have a cotton carpet, if he wants it; but then he might also put down common cotton cloth. There is no moral reason perhaps (though Ruskin would not admit it) why he should not buy a tapestry carpet, made chiefly of jute, with a veneering of printed wool; but if the duty on wool had been taken off instead of having been largely increased the price of the best Brussels carpets, instead of being put up ten cents a yard, might have been reduced ten or fifteen cents a yard, and an all wool ingrain or extra super carpet might have been sold for less than a (largely) cotton and shoddy ingrain may sell for now.

Thus an article of general use has been largely and needlessly increased in price, although it might well have been improved in quality and largely reduced in cost by the free admission of carpet woods, which would have hurt almost no one and would have benefited every one.

The manufacturers who make copper bathtubs, boilers, sinks and general copperware are now in a trust and enjoying 45 per cent. protection. They have raised prices, which one of the members says "we are going to maintain."

ODDS AND ENDS.

Very small buckles are preferred to bows on evening slippers.

Success is the card that wins. Even the successful fool is applauded, while the philosopher who fails is hissed.

Dr. Levis, the latest owner of Cedarcroft, Bayard Taylor's old home, has just died, and the place is again to be sold.

Mrs. Annie Jeomes Miller, favorably known as a dress reform missionary, is about to write her first novel.

Mr. Henley, aged ninety-five, has finished an uninterrupted life of pauperism in the Gosport workhouse. He was brought there when six years old in 1801.

George W. Cable claims that the moment he hears a southerner talk he can tell where he is from and guess at his ancestry.

An application to the French authorities has been made by Lady Caithness for permission to erect a statue of Mary Queen of Scots near her house in Paris.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

W. C. RICH.
AGENT.

Carries a choice and reliable line of pure WINES, WHISKIES, BRANDIES, BEER, &c., at the J. W. White Store.

Cigars and Tobacco of good quality always in stock.

I will be glad to see you.

RESTAURANT.—R.C. Southerland runs a First-Class Restaurant up stairs in same building, and will be glad to serve the people with meals at all hours. W. C. RICH.
jy16—3m Agent.

New and Enlarged Facilities
AT
W. T. WILLIAMSON'S
BUGGY AND CARRIAGE FACTORY

My Factory is now run at full capacity. My heavy work is now done by steam power. I am turning out a large number of new style Buggies and Pheatons. We make to order, but always keep a few styles on hand for examination.

I will keep on hand a large lot of Western Buggies (open and top) and Roads Carts. They will equal in quality and are sold as low as any like goods in Goldsboro, Fayetteville or Wilmington.

☞ Round Shaves, Hacks and all Edge Tools made, and Repairing done on short notice.

HARNESS, WHIPS, COLLARS AND ALL HARNESS HARDWARE.

I will hereafter keep in stock. My Harness Department is under THE CAUCASIAN OFFICE, on Fayetteville Street, near my Factory.

☞ Be sure to see my styles and get my prices before buying.

Respectfully,
jul8—tf W. T. WILLIAMSON.

NEW MUSIC BOOK.

On the first day of May we shall place on the market Professor CHARLES F. ESCHERT'S NEW BOOK, entitled

OUR HEART'S DELIGHT; or, Sweet Melodies of the Past and Present.

being a compilation of vocal and instrumental music, adapted to piano or organ. The work will contain the best and most popular selections of the renowned authors of this and foreign countries. 32 full-page illustrations, portraits of famous vocalists, instrumentalists and composers. Nearly 50 pages, 8½ x 11 inches. Details height in cloth, stamped with appropriate design. This work is especially intended for singing societies, who desire a variety of choice pieces. Contains plenty for the beginner, and a good supply for the [illegible] to be had from all dealers. Guarantee satisfaction, and refer you to Dun's or Bradstreet's agencies for our responsibility. Single copy, 50 cents. For special terms, etc., address

H. J. SMITH & CO., Publishers, 234-236 South Eighth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Handsome Library Free!
DO YOU WANT IT?

We will give a handsome Circulating Library FREE to one person in each village or city (having no Free Library) on condition that they will allow the people to have the use of it for one year, at the expiration of which time it becomes the Librarian's absolute property. Address,

NAT. VILLAGE LIBRARY ASS'N,
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jn25—1m Washington, D. C.

NEW DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS

Delightful Reading
FOR
ALMOST NOTHING!

1,000 first-class Novels just received and for sale at T. M. FERRELL'S for only THREE CENTS each.

The following is a list of TWENTY-FIVE different Novels by the greatest and most popular authors of the day.

I will sell you as many as you want at *THREE CENTS* each. You can then exchange them (when in good order) for *ONE CENT* each:

The Story of a Wedding Ring, by the author of "Dora Thorne."
Falsely Accused, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
Lady Valworth's Diamonds, by "The Duchess."
Miss or Mrs.? by Wilkie Collins.
A False Scent, by Mrs. Alexander.
The Heir to Ashley, by Mrs. Henry Wood.
The Peril of Richard Pardon, by B. L. Farjeon.
The Mystery of the Holly Tree, by the author of "Dora Thorne."
A Dark Inheritance, by Mary Cecil Hay.
The Misadventures of John Nicholson, by Robert Louis Stevenson.
The Baron's Will, by Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
The Poison of Asps, by Florence Marryat.
Between Two Sins, by the author of "Dora Thorne."
Moat Grange, by Mrs. Henry Wood.
Doris's Fortune, by Florence Warden.
A Vagabond Heroin, by Mas. Annie Edwards.
A Troublesome Girl, by "The Duchess."
The Guilty River, by Wilkie Collins.
Under the Lilacs, by the author of "Dora Thorne."
Carriston's Gift, by Hugh Conway.
The Lawyer's Secret, by Miss M. E. Braddon.
The Nine of Hearts, by B. L. Farjeon.
The lost Bank Note, by Mrs. Henry Wood.
Ivan the Serf, by Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
A Modern Cinderella, by the author of "Dora Thorne."

A WRONG IMPRESSION

Those have who think that it is too hot or dull for live merchants to being supplying their stores with New Goods and marking down stock at and below cost, getting ready for fall trade. Yes we have for you

Mid-Summer Bargains.

DRESS GOODS.

Our Summer Dress goods must go. We will close them out at a low figure.

CLOTHING.

Our Clothing sale was so much larger than we expected that I have had to make a second order. They are here. Men and boys come in and see them.

SHOES.

A new invoice of Shoes for Men, Boys and Children and Ladies just received. Our customers know that we always carry a good quality.

HATS.

A second invoice of Summer Hats, for Men and Boys, just received.

In addition to the above four specialties we carry a line of Notions, &c. For Mid-Summer Bargains in the above lines come to

W. G. RACKLEY'S.

SALEM HIGH SCHOOL,

ESTABLISHED IN 1874.

Huntley, Sampson County, N. C.

FALL TERM OPENS AUGUST 3rd, 1891.

Unequaled Advantages for Same Expense.

FIVE DEPARTMENTS:—Primary, Intermediate, Academic, Preparatory, Music. Tuition varies from $1.00 to $3.50 per month. Board in best families, near the School, everything furnished, at from $6.00 to $7.00 per month.

The School is well supplied with teachers. Music will be in charge of a competent teacher, in a separate building from the other departments of the School.

The School occupies three buildings, including the Society Hall, but the rapid growth of the School, with wide and increas- patronage, has called for an additional building, which will be erected very soon.

SPECIAL FEATURES of the School are the Young Mens' and Young Ladies' Literary Societies.

Write for Catalogue and get full particulars. Address,

GEO. E. BUTLER, Principal,
Huntley, N. C.

WATSON & PETERSON.

Don' think we have gone out of business because our advertisement failed to appear in THE CAUCASIAN for a few times. We are

AT THE SAME OLD STAND

With a full line of Family Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Beer, &c. Call on us and

WE WILL SERVE YOU

To your pleasure and satisfaction. Respectfully,
jy16—tf WATSON & PETERSON.

THE NORTH CAROLINA
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
—AND—
Mechanic Arts

will begin its third session on September 3rd, 1891, with increased facilities and equipments in every department. The past successful year has given further evidence of its practical value, and its young men are already in demand for responsible positions. Total cost, $100.00. Each County Superintendent of Education will examine applicants for admission. For catalogues, address,

ALEX. Q. HOLLADAY, President,
jy9—1m Raleigh, N. C.

SOUTH RIVER
BAPTIST INSTITUTE,
AUTRYVILLE, N. C.

Fall Term Opens Aug. 3rd, '91.

This is a high grade School for girls and boys, having departments of Music, Penmanship and Telegraphy.

Extra facilities for boarding.
Tuition reasonable.

For full particulars address,

JNO. A. OATES, JR., (W. F. C.)
Principal, Autryville, N. C.
jy9—6w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOTHING, SHOES AND HATS!

Before We Take
STOCK

We shall close out our entire Line.

We are in mid June with too much of unsold Goods.

We won't stand on prices, the goods must go.

You can buy a nice Coat for 50 cts., a pair of Pants for 50 cts., a Vest for 50 cts., a pair of Shoes for $1.00, a Hat for 5 cts. Pants Cloth 10 cents per yard.

It will pay you to call now, Stock is unbroken.

You can buy lots of goods for a very small amount of CASH.

Yours Very Friendly,

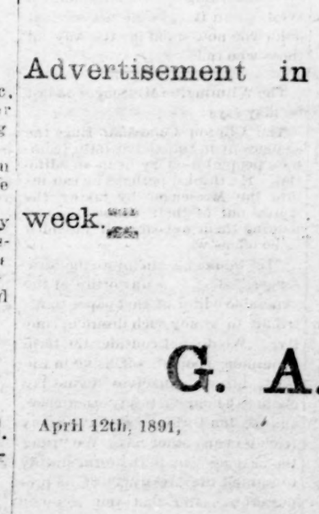
M. HANSTEIN,
King Clothier and Hatter.

Look out for a big Alliance Store

Advertisement in this space next week.

G. A. Clute,
April 12th, 1891, MANAGER.

"OUR SPECIAL"
New Spring Millinery.



Just received from New York City all the latest and newest shapes in Bonnets, Hats, Nets, Flowers, new Tips, new Trimmings new Ribbons, &c., &c.

NO OLD STOCK
AT OUR
STORE.

Everything fashionable in Head-wear, at the very lowest

Cash Prices!

At
MISS ANNIE GIDDENS'
Millinery Establishment.

THE CAUCASIAN

CLINTON, N. C.,—JULY 23, 1891.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

How to Advertise.

We do not wish large advertisements, but a number of small ones for a year. It is not size but views that we prefer.

RATES.

ADVERTISING:			
1 inch 1 week,	75 cts.	1 col. (6 in.) 1 wk,	$ 3.50
1 " 1 mo.,	$ 1.50	1 " 1 mo.,	$ 7.00
1 " 1 yr.,	$10.00	1 " 1 yr.,	$45.00
2 " 1 wk.,	$ 2.50	1 col. 1 wk.,	$ 6.00
2 " 1 mo.,	$ 4.00	1 col. 1 mo.,	$11.00
2 " 1 yr.,	$20.00	1 col. 1 yr.,	$65.00
1 col. 1 week, $ 9.00			
1 " 1 mo., $15.00	An extra charge is		
1 " 1 yr. $120.00	made for position.		

SUBSCRIPTION:

One year,	$1.50
Six months,	75
Four months,	50

Wants, Business Locals, Reading Notices, Cards, etc., will be inserted at ten cents per line (six words) for first insertion and at five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituaries published free if not more than ten lines, (sixty words); five cents for each additional line (six words each). This charge is made, as you will see, simply as a check on length.

Communications discussing the topics of the day, if to the point and briefly expressed will be published in column headed "A Forum of Public Opinion."

Communications containing strictly News Items will always be welcomed and published with pleasure. By sending such news items frequently you will help both your community and the paper.

When you wish your address changed, give old as well as new office.

Address all communications and business letters to

THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton, N. C.

Matters of a private nature should be marked "Personal" and addressed to

MARION BUTLER,
Clinton, N. C.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ "Wants" and Business Notices can be inserted in this column at ten cents a line.

Mr. Editor: Ask twenty Clinton ladies in succession what plaster they consider the most strengthening, the most soothing, the most healing, and in all respects the most desirable, and nineteen of them will promptly answer, LEE'S BACKACHE PLASTER.
oc 9-1y.

Miss Mary Lou Brown's school will open in the Lodge on Tuesday Sept. 1st, 1891. Your patronage is solicited. jy 9-3t.

A neat line of Dry Goods, Notions, Bleachings, Umbrellas, &c., just received at T. M. FERRELL'S.

I shall leave in a short time for the Northern markets to buy my fall and winter stock, but have not as much room as we need in our store to place the new goods, therefore we are selling at New York cost all our Hats, Clothing, shoes and Pants cloth. Call on us and see how we are rushing things.

Yours Very friendly,
M. HANSTEIN.

A nice line of cheap Pants just received at. W. H. DUNCAN'S.

A new supply of Ladies' Black Hats and Pretty Flowers, just received at W. S. PARTRICK'S.

Call on W. H. DUNCAN and buy some Crockery the Children can't break.

Bananas, Pine Apples and fine Crackers at
C. P. JOHNSON'S.

Towels for 10 cents a pair at
W. H. DUNCAN'S.

Persons ordering Novels by mail will please include postage with their remittances. T. M. FERRELL.

Handkerchiefs, two for 5 cents, at W. H. DUNCAN'S.

Go to C. P. Johnson's for Confections and choice Groceries.

A few pieces of Lawn left to be sold at cost at W. H. DUNCAN'S.

To buy goods at the lowest price go to B. F. POWELL. Gents' Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Socks, Suspenders, Pants Cloth, Hats, Caps, &c., Ladies' Hose, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Collars, Cuffs, Dress Goods, 5 cents to 75 cents per yard; Groceries, Tin, Glass, Crockery and Wooden Ware. I will buy all your Feathers, Wool, Wax, Hides, Corn, Peas, &c. Respectfully,
B. F. POWELL.

MARKETS.

CLINTON.

(Reported by A. F. JOHNSON & Co.)

Corn,	70
Peas,	65
Bacon,	8 to 12½
Chickens,	15 to 25
Eggs,	10
Beeswax	18 to 20
Butter,	20 to 25
Lard,	10 to 12
Fodder,	75
Flour,	5 50 to 6 00
Hides,	05 to 06
Turpentine, (hard)	1 20
" (Virgin and Yellow Dip)	2 20
Cotton, middling,	—

WILMINGTON.

Spirits Turpentine,	38½ per gallon
Rosin, (strained)	1 20 per barrel
" (good strained)	1 25 per barrel
Tar,	$1 25 per barrel
Crude Turpentine, (Hard)	$1 40
" " (Virgin	2 35
YellowDip)	2 35
Cotton,	8¼
Timber, per m.,	5 00 to 15

BRADFIELD'S
FEMALE REGULATOR
CURES DISEASES AND IRREGULARITIES PECULIAR TO WOMAN.

PAID 31 DOLLARS DOCTORS' BILL.

paid 31 dollars doctor's bill for my wife in one year, and one bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.
JAMES T. GOTT, Carmi, Ill.

Have suffered periodically for years—been treated by the best physicians without relief—Bradfield's Female Regulator did me more good than all the other remedies.
Mrs. ELIZA DAVIS, Charlotte, N. C.

Have used Bradfield's Female Regulator and can recommend it to all my friends.
Miss C. S. WIEMEYER, Denver, Col.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00 per bottle.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

Index to New Advertisements.

Clinton Male Academy.—J. W. Turner.

LOCALS.

—Read the article headed "an open letter" on the 4th page of this paper.

—The township news under "all through Sampson" is on the 4th page this week.

—Go to the Court House to-night and let us all hear what you have to say on the school question.

—Cotton factory meeting Monday night in the court house. At the ringing of the bell come.

—"Who is going to teach school in Clinton?" is a question asked nearly every day. Let me ask, where is there any school to teach?
D. B. NICHOLSON.

—There was a very enjoyable basket picnic at Stephens' bridge on Great Coharie on last Friday. In the afternoon, the young people enjoyed a dance at the residence of Mr. R. B. Smith's.

—School, yes Clinton will have several schools taught by good and worthy teachers, but can't we unite and combine them all into one big school, that would reach more of the home pupils, give prestige to the place and also draw pupils from a distance?

—Crops have improved wonderfully during the last ten days. Nearly every section has been blessed with a refreshing rain and just at the right time too. The prospect is for a fine corn crop and cotton though a week or two late, is in as fine condition as we have ever seen it.

—Nothing can be done without an effort, nothing big can be done without united efforts. Something must be done, something big must be done. A cotton factory will be a big thing. To get it will take big and united effort. With such a spirit let us all meet in the court house on Monday night.

—Have you read the article by "X" in last week's issue? There is much wisdom and sober truth in it, that would apply to any place, but especially is it of vital important just now to Clinton. Shall the foolish want of unity deprive us of the incalculable benefits of a good school?

—On last Thursday night Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Herring gave a party to the young people of and around Clinton. The anticipation of a happy evening carried nearly every one of the invited guests in spite of the bad weather, and richly were they paid, for it was a most delightful occasion.

—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Sampson Building and Loan Association on last Tuesday the constitution was amended so as to have the payments monthly instead of weekly. The Directors will probably name the 1st day of each month for the payments. At the present rate the stock will mature in 6½ years from date of organization. The Association is doing much good and is prosperous.

—The Goldsboro Graded School is run by popular subscription. The public school money to be appropriated each year to the children in and around Clinton each year is about $3.00. Can't we take this and supplement it by popular subscription to an amount sufficient to run a good school ten months in the year. If all will unite it can be done for half the money it would take to send your children to school ten months.

—We find the farmers all over the country interested in the cotton factory question, a resolution was passed at the last meeting of the County Farmers' Alliance favoring the establishment of a factory. A cotton factory is one of the questions to be discussed at the next Union of Alliances in Western Sampson. Let the business men of this place form a nucleus and raise half of the stock and the remainder of the county will come to the enterprise.

—The Sampson Light Infantry, Capt. T. H. Partrick commanding, went down to Wrightsville on last Friday to go into camp as part of the State Guard. Six or seven members who could not leave on Friday went down Monday to join the company. We are sorry that press of business deprives us of the pleasure of going in camp with "the boys" this year, for THE CAUCASIAN is not only an honorary member but a active member of the company. We wish them a pleasant stay at the sea side

Congressman Grady Can't Go to Lisbon.

On behalf of the people of the Lisbon section we wrote to Hon. B. F. Grady, urging him to attend the Farmers' Dinner at Lisbon on July 24th. The following answer will explain itself:

My Dear Mr. Butler—Yours of the 10th instant reached me this morning, the 18th. I regret very much to say that I am booked for Richlands, July 23rd, and cannot reach Lisbon on the 24th. There will be a big mass Alliance picnic at Richlands. Please convey my excuse to the good brethren at Lisbon.

I shall go to Pleasant Hill Alliance picnic, in Jones, on August 6th, and where else I shall go during the picnic season I don't know. I am invited to several in Duplin.

Yours very sincerely,
B. F. GRADY.

Albertson, N. C., July 18, 1891.

Let Us Act.

In another column will be found an open letter of Mr. J. T. Patrick, ex-Commissioner of Immigration for North Carolina, now Chief of one of the most important branches of the Southern Inter-State Immigration Bureau. We join with Mr. Patrick in urging the people of our section to see to it that a fine display of products is sent in at once to the Southern Exposition, Raleigh, N. C. Railroads ship everything for exhibition free. We shall be glad to receive from our farmers fine specimens of grain and grasses of every variety, and see that it is sent to Raleigh as directed.

Many people seeking homes will visit the Exposition, and those sections which have the most complete exhibits, especially of grain and grass, will reap the largest reward; while the sections which do not heed the above advice, and show little enterprise by not having any display, need not expect any results from the efforts now being made.

All people acknowledge we are overstocked with idle lands. That we need more manufacturing enterprises, and that new settlers with means add to the prosperity of our native people; but in most sections the people do not in any way try to seek one of the remedies for hard times that we are all sure would redound to our benefit.

Now, that the chance is offered us of exhibiting what we have to attract people and capital, we do hope every county in this State will be handsomely shown up. But our county should make an appropriation as a nucleus by all means. Something more than individual effort is necessary. The individual effort should come in to supplement what the county does. But if the county does nothing, then we must individually do what we can.

The suggestion Mr. Patrick makes as to issuing special editions of the county newspapers is a good one. But to get out such an edition and one that would be creditable to the county will cost money, and we are not able to do it alone. Will the county not give us encouragement by making a small appropriation for this purpose and we will try to work up enough advertising to make it pay. We do not propose to make any money out of the special edition. If we can get anything like cost we shall be satisfied; for we know that the advertising and building up of this section means the building up of every interest and industry of the county, and the enhancing of every person's property, and the placing of new money, outside money into everybody's hands. Therefore we are willing to do our part.

The Display at Raleigh is to be a "hustler." They propose to show that there is pluck, energy and get-up in the South; and that in two months' time a grand success can and will be made. This is going to be one of the best chances for advertising our resources, and we propose on our part to lend every assistance to have this county and section fully represented.

The Mount Olive Canning Factory.

We were in Mount Olive recently and visited the factory of the Crescent Canning Company. They had just the day before canned their first lot of huckleberries in two pound cans. The work was successfully and neatly done. The cans now wait only for the labels and the famous "Sampson Blues" (and we insisted that they thus christen their products upon the labels) will be upon the world's market for all seasons. The process for canning is as follows: The raw berries are placed in the cans, the cup is soldered only leaving a small air-escape-hole in the centre. The cans, 12 dozen in a large iron rack, are lowered by pulley suspended from beam of revolving crane into the exhaust tub of boiling water. As soon as the air is exhausted, the cans are raised and the air escape is sealed, called tipping. The crane is revolved till the cans are just over the cooking kettle, the cans are lowered into the boiling water for seven minutes, and all is done. The labels are pasted on and the berry is ready for market. If corn is to be canned it is treated in the same way, except the crane is revolved to a closed kettle, where the corn is cooked at heat of 240 for forty minutes. If tomatoes are to be canned they are first boiled sufficiently to remove the peel in a vessel specially prepared for the purpose and then treated as berries. Everything is conveniently and substantially arranged. With such men as Dr. I. W. Faison and Capt. Hallett for President and Secretary, and with some of the best and most substantial citizens of the place for Directors it is bound to be a success. The capital stock of the company is $5,000. It takes only about $1,500 to purchase the lot and machinery and get ready for work. The remainder of stock will be used as a cash reserve for purchasing produce. The stockholders are already thinking of some additional enterprise by which the power of the factory can be used all the year round. A cotton factory is also under consideration, and if Sampson does not wake up, the people of Mount Olive will out-strip them on that point, as they have already done in canning berries. We are indebted to the enthusiastic and energetic Capt. Hallett for many courtesies shown us while in his delightful little town.

Clinton Chapter No. 40.

Clinton Chapter, No. 40, Royal Arch Masons, will meet regularly on the first Thursday of each month.

FOR THE BLOOD, Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

THE FIRST STEP

TOWARD A COTTON FACTORY FOR SAMPSON COUNTY.

A Meeting to be Held Next Monday Night in Courthouse.

LET EVERY BODY TAKE ONE SHARE OR MORE.

For some time the subject of a cotton factory has been discussed in this county. It has been discussed in town, it has been discussed in the country. Everybody says it would be a good thing, everybody says we need it, everybody says we must have it. Well, everything must have a beginning, a starting point, so yesterday we took a paper, waited upon a few of our people and asked for their names and amounts. The paper was headed as follows and in a hour's time we met with the following success:

FOR A COTTON FACTORY.

We, the undersigned, agree to at a meeting, to be held in the Courthouse, on next Monday night, for the purpose of maturing a plan for the organization of a stock company to build a cotton factory. At which meeting we agree to subscribe the number of shares of stock opposite our names at $20 a share, to be paid in monthly instalments of 5 per cent:

NAMES.	SHARES.	AMOUNTS.
J. S. Bizzell,	25	$ 500
O. F. Herring,	10	200
J. A. & T. M. Ferrell,	50	1,000
" " "	will also give lot for location.	
Rev. O. P. Meeks,	5	100
F. R. Cooper,	10	200
W. B. Stewart,	50	1,000
G. T. Rawls,	5	100
J. E. Bodenhammer,	5	100
B. F. Powell,	5	100
W. T. Williamson,	5	100
T. M. Britt,	5	100
M. Butler,	10	200
G. A. Clute,	25	500
R. C. Holmes,	10	200
W. G. Rackley,	5	100
B. S. Peterson,	5	100
C. P. Johnson,	5	100
M. E. Peterson & Co.,	3	60
R. J. Williams,	10	200
Dr. R. H. Holliday,	5	100
Sheriff C. Ward,	12½	250
W. H. Stetson,	5	100
J. E. Royal,	25	500
Sheriff J. M. Spell,	5	100
Sheriff J. A. Oates,	1	20
Watson & Peterson,	10	500
W. R. King & Co.,	5	100

The above represents over $7,000, there are a number of some of the ablest, liberal and most public-spirited citizens that we did not see, who will attend the meeting and subscribe as large an amount as any one else has, or will subscribe. At least $15,000 will, we think, be subscribed next Monday night. After this preliminary meeting there should be another meeting for every one in the county interested to attend and take stock. After that canvassing agents should be put to work to raise the remainder. It can be done. Just let us pull together with a vim and we will have the factory. Let everybody who can come Monday night, If you can't take but one share, come!

Death of Mr. Robert H. Beaman.

Six weeks ago Mr. Robert H. Beaman was in better health than for years. We saw him walking easily without a cane, and he was fleshier and looked better than we had ever seen him. About that time he took measles. He went out too soon, contracted a deep cold, which settled in the leg, that was afflicted with symptoms of necrosis several years since. From that time he suffered continuously intense pain. On Friday, the 10th instant, he asked the doctors to amputate the leg. They preferred not, fearing that he would die under the knife, but he was determined and it was done. Despite this severe shock to a system reduced and weakened as his then was, for a few days he seemed to rally. But new troubles arose and nature, aided by the best medical skill, was not able to battle with them. On last Friday mortification began. On Sunday evening at sunset he was freed from suffering. For several weeks he suffered intense agony, but never did stoic philosopher bear pain with more courage and fortitude. When the late Emperor of Germany lay suffering with a cruel and deadly cancer knawing at the tender and silken thread of life, he called his son, the present young Emperor of Germany to his side, and said "My son, you will soon be Emperor of Germany, and the last example I can leave you is to show you how to suffer and not complain." It was a kingly utterance and he died as should a King. No less kingly was the suffering and death of Robert H. Beaman. He was in his 23rd year. The body was interred in the Clinton Cemetery on Monday evening, Rev. J. W. Turner officiating. The pall-bearers were as follows: B. S. Peterson, W. T. Williamson, Robert Herring, B. F. Powell, F. P. Hobbs and Frank Hall.

Attention, Veterans of Sampson County!

Remember you must be in Clinton in time to take the train at 8.20 on Tuesday morning, 28th. It would be better to come to Clinton Monday night. Those near the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad will go down on that road on Tuesday and join us at camp. Rations will be furnished free to all during our stay. The railroad fare from Clinton and return is only $2.45. The same rates 2 cents a mile will be given on all roads. Let every one come and join us who can.

R. H. HOLLIDAY,
V. P. for South Clinton.

A Forum of Public Opinion.

THE OPINION OF OUR READERS ON THE VARIOUS TOPICS OF THE DAY.

We offer this column to our readers in which to discuss topics of interest and profit to them.—ED

Clinton Schools.

MR. EDITOR: I have read in your paper two judicious articles on this subject. One of your correspondents suggests that the first question is not: Who shall teach? But where is the school? May I not suggest that the question prior to this is: Where is the building for the school? The building for the male school I suppose can be put into a tolerable condition at small cost, but the building where the female school is usually taught is wholly unfit for school purposes. This, among other reasons, caused the closing of the school recently held there. Will either of your correspondents assure the community that there is a remote probability that it will be put in a condition for school purposes. The community once owned the property, but lost its ownership. Why, or how this was done, I have not seen any one able to tell. It ought not to be in the hands of an individual. would it not be well for the community to buy this property and put it in reputable condition for school purposes, or failing in this, buy a lot and put up a school building? The latter course might be wisest, as it could be done at a much less cost. Material is cheap and labor not high. A building which would answer every purpose could be put up at small cost.

I agree heartily with all that your correspondents say of the importance of this subject and the necessity of prompt and wise action.

PRO PUBLICO.

THE CLINTON AND WARSAW TELEGRAPH.

Line Ordered to be Taken Down by the Stockholders.

The stockholders of the C. & W. telegraph line held a meeting Tuesday. They decided to discontinue the line on August 5th. The line is being run at a loss. The W. & W. Railroad Company and the W. U. Telegraph Company refused to buy or rent the line at any price. They have been getting the use of the line free free for their business and evidently thought that the stockholders, who are citizens of this county, would keep up the line for the convenience of the place. The stockholders have decided that the railroad company must build a line, rent or buy this one, or do without. Who can stand it the longest?

Off To The Sea-Side.

This is the season of the year when tired humanity longs to rush from the heated inland to the breegy and delightful seaside. But most of us can't go and have to have take it out in longing. But then life is just what we make it, and we can find as much real enjoyment at home as on the go if we will to do so. Well what we started out to say was that the following parties left Tuesday morning for Wrightsville: Mr. and Mrs. C. Partrick; Messrs W. S. and D. M. Partrick; Misses Bessie Partrick, Mittie Beaman, Sophie Jones, Walker Morrisey, Mary Stewart; Mrs. M. A. Murphy, Mrs. J. T. Murphy, Mrs. Morrisey, Mr. R. G. Morrisey, Mrs. Warren Johnson and Miss Mary Lou Kerr, Mrs. John D. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Russell.

Personals.

Mrs. W. I. Lane has returned home.

Mr. George W. Britt spent Sunday in town.

Miss Sudie Faison has been visiting at Maj. W. N. Pattersons.

Mis Ida Kelly of Wilmington is visiting at Mr. F. T. Atkins.

Miss Cleone Hobbs is quite sick with fever, we are sorry to learn.

Mr. H. E. Faison has been too unwell to be at his office for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Pierce of Warsaw were up Tuesday to see Mr. H. E. Faison who is unwell.

Miss Maria Marable and Mrs Dean left last Friday for Mt. Olive where they will visit friends.

Mr. W. H. Duncan left his store on last Saturday with symptoms of fever. He is at his father's, near town, and we are sorry to learn is no better. Mr. Alderman is looking after his store.

Master Richard Hubbard of Fayetteville, who has been spending two weeks in town returns this morning. He is with the large dry goods firm of Moss. Rose & Leak.

Hon. B. F. Grady, Congressman elect from this district, was in town Monday. He favored our office with a call and we had a very pleasant and interesting talk with him. He is in good health and the best of trim for the laborious work ahead of him at the National Capitol.

Schools.

All persons interested in the subject of a school or schools for Clinton are requested to meet in the Court House to night at the ringing of the bell—Thursday July 23, 1891.

MANY CITIZENS.

Excellence of Grain, Perfection of Water, Expert Knowledge of all the best Method of Distillation, Extensive Experience: Abundant Capital, Complete and Expensive Equipment and High Purpose; all these are used in the making of

Harper's Nelson County, Ky. Whisky,

for which I have secured the full agency.

L. J. RUSSELL,
jy9 6m Clinton, N. C.

MOUNT OLIVE DEPARTMENT.

LOCAL ITEMS:

—Miss Marie Marable of Clinton is here on a visit.

—Plenty of rain and hot weather in these parts just now.

—Mr. Charles Abegneth of Snow Hill is in town this week.

—Rev. Dr. Marable preached in the Presbyterian church last Sunday night.

—Miss Mattie Futrell is visiting her sister Mrs. J. A. Hankins in Wilmington.

—Some parts of our town is getting to be quite snakey. Look out for the maccasins.

—Allow us to introduce to you "Mr. Robt. Williams Jr." He is a "new arrival in town."

—Mrs. Will B. Oliver and children of Fayetteville are here on a visit to Mrs. O's parents.

—Mr. Lewis King's little 2½ year old child died last Sunday night after a long and painful illness.

—Dysentery has caused the death of quite a number of small children in this section this summer.

—Miss Emily Fancett of Caldwell county spent last week here visiting Miss Annie Southerland.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Griswold of Bowdens spent last Sunday here visiting Mrs. Annie Smith, Mrs. G's mother.

—Mrs. Annie M. Smith spent several days last week on failing creek visiting her daughter Mrs. Julius Cox.

—Prof. Britton ran down from Wilson last week, where he is spending his vacation, and spent a few days in town.

—Mrs W. S. Dean of Texas (nee Miss Belle Marable) and "her little Dean" are in town visiting the family of Dr. I. W. Faison.

—The "Local Scribe," D. J. Aaron and his son Mr. Leonard Aaron are off on a business trip together selling goods. They will be absent about two weeks.

—The Canning factory is at work this week canning sweet corn and huckleberries, Mr. John Smith is superintending the work. They have about 20 operatives.

—Our people are "floating toward the ocean." Quite a large crowd, mostly young folks went down to Wilmington Monday morning to visit Wrightsville, Carolina Beach and South Port.

—Mrs. H. W. McKinne returned home last week from Kinston where she had been to see her father the Rev. N. A. Hooker who was quite sick, we are glad to state is much improved.

—Watermelons are comming in quite freely now and are consequently getting low, and now the average colored individual is happy because he can keep "full up" all the time.

Rev. M. H. Tuttle and family left last week for a visit of a month at Lenoir, Caldwell county, where Mrs. T's mother lives. Mr. Tuttle is taking a much needed rest, and during his absence Rev. Mr. Gay, a local preacher from Wilson will fill his appointments on this (the Mt. Olive) circuit.

—The farmers had a large basket picnic at Thunder Swamp church last Friday, about 500 persons were present, Dr. B. F. Marable, and we suppose others, addressed the crowd, We do not know that "they were all filled" and that "many baskets fulls of fragments were taken up" as we were not present.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLINTON MALE ACADEMY.

Rev. J. W Turner has already taken steps to secure the use of this building for his school during the coming year. His terms will be moderate and reasonable. He hopes to open school on the 17th of August next. J. W. TURNER.
July 21st, 1891.—33-tf

Buy The Best!

BLYMYER CANE MILL
AND
Fruit Evaporator.

I have been appointed agent for the BLYMYER IRON WORKS Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, for the counties of Sampson, Duplin and Pender. They are the largest manufacturers of Cane Mills, &c., in the United States. I can sell as low as anyone selling first-class machines.

Respectfully,
S. H. COLWELL,
jy 23 1 m. Wallace, N. C.

SOUTHERN RUBBER CO. Steel, Richmond Va.

NEW DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS.

This Space Belongs to

A. F. Johnson & Co.,

LEADERS IN

Low Prices!

They are offering special bargains on Spring and Summer Goods to prepare stock for FALL TRADE.

Our Cash Price to all Buyers Always as Low as the Lowest. jy16—tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BUGGY SHOP.

I have opened a Buggy Shop at the Warren Johnson old stand. I make

BUGGIES, WAGONS,

ROAD CARTS and OX CARTS, and do ALL SORTS OF REPAIRING. I make TURPENTINE TOOLS. In fact anything done at a first-class Blacksmith Shop. I have not quit the HARNESS BUSINESS, but am making and keeping on hand a larger supply of

Harness, Saddles, &c.

than ever before, and at the lowest prices.

You all know my reputation for good honest work. The work of the Blacksmith Shop will be of the same guaranteed honest quality as at my Harness Shop.

Bring me your work. Let me furnish you with what you need in my line.

Respectfully,
ap30—tf W. H. STETSON.

GOSHEN HIGH SCHOOL.

The Fall Session of this School will open on the

First Monday in August, 1891

The management will be in the hands of the present principal, J. D. Ezzell.

Tuition from $5.00 to $12.50 for a term of twenty weeks.

Board, in good families near school building, at from $6.00 to $7.50 per month.

For any further information write to the principal,

J. D. EZZELL,
jy16—tf Hobton, N. C.

In Addition to my Regular Stock of

WATCHES AND CLOCKS,

And my Repairing Business and and agency for sewing Machines, I have accepted the agency for the Great Southern Music House of Ludin & Bates, of Savannah, Ga., for the sale of

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

I sell the following well-known and reliable makes: Mathushek, Sterling, Mason & Hamlin and Chickering.

A sample Sterling Piano and a Sterling Organ can be seen on exhibition at my place of business in Clinton. Call in and get our terms.

Yours truly,
jy9—tf H. B. GIDDENS.

PILE SALVE
BETTON'S.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR PILES.
IN USE OVER 40 YEARS.
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

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W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN
THE BEST SHOE IS THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

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$4.00 Hand-Sewed welt shoes, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price. None genuine unless made these name stamped on bottom.
$3.50 Police shoes, Railroad Men $3. and all Letter Carriers wear them. Fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extends one year.
$2. $2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price. One trial will convince them and they are gaining favor every day.
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M. HANSTEIN, Clinton, N. C.; and
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A Household Remedy FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

B. B. B.

Botanic Blood Balm

It Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, every form of malignant SKIN ERUPTION, besides being efficacious in toning up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. Its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure, if directions are followed.

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[ESTABLISHED 18 YEARS.]

T. J. LEE - - Manager.

Persons need medicine only when they are sick and their lives in danger, then they want the very best that can be had. Only such is kept at the CLINTON DRUG STORE; there can be found also a full line of Patent Medicines, Essential Oils, Perfumery, Trusses, English Tooth Brushes, Medicinal Whiskey, Horse and Cattle Powders, and the best remedies for all diseases and ailments of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Poultry, etc.

LEE'S BACKACHE PLASTERS!

In North Carolina's sunny clime,
Their wond'rous virtues, fadeless shine.
Exert an influence sublime
In ministering to human ill:
And many a pang along our way,
Lee's Plasters dothallay.

You can cure a bad case of Backache quicker with one of Lee's Plasters than by any other application, and after the backache is cured, you can still wear the plaster with comfort for a month or longer. This Plaster is a great discovery, and it is hard to find any pain or ache that will not yield to it. Prepared only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

LEE'S WART SPECIFIC.

A certain cure for warts on horses and mules, as Judge E. T. Boykin, the Editor of THE CAUCASIAN, Capt. Cornelius Partrick, Maj. W. Lucius Faison, Messrs. A. Ferd Johnson, Henry E. Faison, Wm. H. Faison, Hon. Bascomb Nicholson and hundreds of others in Sampson and adjoining counties and throughout Eastern Carolina will certify. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

WORMS IN HORSES.

Lee's Worm Specific never fails to expel worms from horses and mules. Warranted in every case. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS.

We offer under this head the best Condition Powders in the market. They are prepared by the leading Drug House of the United States, from the formula of the most distinguished Veterinary Surgeon living. They are excellent appetizers—a general alterative and tonic, and can be relied upon as a remedy for all diseases of domestic animals. They are composed of Licorice-Root, Juniper Berries, Flaxseed, Gentian, Ginger, Iron and Antimony. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

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Pure 4-year Old Medicinal Whiskey.
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Scientific remedies for all diseases and ailments of Horses, Mules, Hogs, Cattle, Poultry and Dogs.

T. J. LEE, Druggist.
October 9th, 1690. –tf

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"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE!"

Don't wait to get sick, but when you begin to feel bad come and get a dose of medicine and prevent sickness. This is the proper use of medicine. If you will do this you will scarcely ever have a doctor's bill to pay or lose months of time, and put your friends and relatives to such a deal of trouble.

In addition to my complete line of pure and reliable Drugs, I carry Warner's Log Cabin Remedies, B. B. B., the S. S. S., Quinine in small and large quantities; Simmon's Liver Regulator, Famous Specific Orange Blossom, Cuticura Remedies, Dr. Pierces Favorite Prescription, the Golden Medical Discovery, Horse and Cattle Powder (1 pound packages prepared by the Herb Co. of W. Va, Quaker brand.)

Prescriptions carefully compounded. Local and office practice upon request. Respectfully,

aug1—tf DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY.

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NEAR THE DEPOT.

Sample-Rooms and Special Conveniences for Traveling Men.

The Fare is the best the market affords, which is always served in good wholesome style.

Board, per day, only	$ 1 50
" " week,	4 00
" " month,	12 00

The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.

W. E. BASS,
sep19—tf Proprietor.

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feb5—tf

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If you wish a first-class Shave, Hair Cut, Shampoon or Mustache Dye, call at my place of business on Wall Street, three doors from the corner of M. Hanstein's, there you will find me at all hours.

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If you want a good job don't fail to call on me. J. H. SIMMONS,
apr10—tf Barber.

The Negro And His Mission.

THE COLORED NORMAL INSTITUTE.

Fine Lecturing by Supt. Royal, Chairman Johnson and Rev. J. W Turner.

THE EFFORTS OF THE COLORED TEACHERS WORTHY OF COMMENDATION.

Where did the money come from to run the colored Normal Institute held near Clinton last week? Why from the Public school fund of course. That is what we thought at first and probably what many others think. But it is a mistake. Not one cent of public funds was used. The negro teachers raised the money from among themselves by contributions to defray the expenses. In fact they got the whole thing up themselves for their own improvement. This is a hopeful sign and shows that there are some elements of progress in the race Supt. Royal tells us that the attendance was full and prompt, interest marked and the improvement satisfactory.

Rev. J. W. Turner lectured for them on the English Language. Mr. Warren Johnson, chairman of the Board of Education, gave them an excellent talk, which is so striking and thoughtful that we give it in full. He spoke as follows:

At the request of our worthy Superintendent of Public Instruction, Prof. Royal, I promised to come here to day, but merely as a spectator I emphaticly declined his polite invitation to make "just a brief talk" to you. Speech making is not my trade or profession. But after participating in the interesting exercises of the morning, I will not forego the privilege granted of saying a few words by way of encouragement and commendation.

Without time for preperation my thoughts will necessarily be crude and undigested but in the abundance of chaff I hope, perchance, you may find a grain of instruction. Your race has for centuries occupied the Southern half of one of the Grand Divisons of the globe. In olden time the northern portion, occupied by a different race, was the seat of political power and the grainery of the world. Three thousand years ago the Egyptians were the most highly civilized and enlightened people on the face of the earth. It was the home of learning the school of the arts and sciences. To day her pyramids, the ruins of her magnificent temples, mausolems and cities are the wonder of the world. But the negro race occupying, as I have said, the southern half of this grand division of the earth, has never yet made one forward step in civilization or human development. The people live upon the spontaneous productions of the soil. They have the grandest lakes and water courses in the world. But no populous cities with their teeming millions checker, enliven and adorn their shores. No proud ships floating their broad pennant plow the ocean's foaming billiows. On the other hand it is known that they are exceedingly ignorant and degraded-savages, making constant war-fighting and making slaves of each other. Pagans worshipers of idols, believers in witch-craft, whole tribes so low down in intellectual development that they cannot count above number two.

Now in the course of human events numbers of these wild barbarians were brought to this country and sold as slaves. We are told that slavery is unjust, inhuman and the slave-holder is held up to the execration of the world

But I look upon slavery as it existed in this country in a far different light. I would not restore it. I rejoice that it is blotted out, forever blotted out. Yet I see in it the hand of God. I read in it the greatest blessing ever vouch-safed your race by an All-wise Providence.

Your ancestors were brought here from the jungles of Africa—from the lowest state of barbarism and sold to the most enlightened people on the face of the earth. They became inmates of the wealthiest and best educated families in the land. By association, by precept, and by example, they become enlightened civilized and christianized. Look back, if you please, to Africa, the dark continent as it is called, and point me, if you can, to any community with a like number of your race in it, as well educated and enlightened as the audience before me to-day. This I say is the great blessing, though unseen by many it may be, slavery has conferred upon the colored race.

If the hand of God can be traced in the four hundred years servitude of the Children of Israel in the land of the Egyptians, surely you can see now the hand of God in your own history.

But you are now free. You are in a civilized and christian country. Schools and books and all the modern appliances and means of education are at your command. Your school houses and institutions of learning, and your churches all under your own management and control, greet the eye at every cross road all over the country. Oh, you are ten thousand times ten thousand degrees blest above your ancestors in all that is good and great and glorious, in all that makes life worth living. "There's a divinity that shapes our ends, Rough-hew them how we will."

I am no prophet. I am not even the son of prophet. But if I were one or both it would require no prophetic eye to see, in your thirst for knowledge, in your noble efforts to elevate yourselves and your race in the scale of civilization, the magnificent future before you. The same Providence that brought you out of the jungles of Africa, the same Providence that threw around you chains and slavery, the same Providence that broke your manacles and set you free, never moves without a purpose. Who says, who can say, you are not the chosen instruments in the hand of God to carry "glad tidings of great joy" to your benighted brethren in Africa? Who says it is not yours to carry to them the blessings of civilization. Yours to carry to them the gospel of peace and salvation. Yours to arouse them from a state of savage cruelty and barbarism to the full and perfect stature of men before God. Oh, what a glorious mission. It is a work worthy the sublimest ambition. All the glory of Alexander the Great and the mightiest chieftains of song and story pale to utter insignificance before it. It may be a thought or theory Utopian in its conception, but you will find its parallel in the story of the children of Israel. Some Moses may yet arise and lead you to a land of Canaan all your own.

But let us leave these flights of fancy perhaps, and come down to the subject immediately before us.

Ever since I became a member of this board it has been a source of pleasure to me to witness the wide-spread interest in the subject of education manifested by your race. According to my observation your interest far exceeds in intensity of purpose the interest manifested by the white race. I hope you will not suffer this interest to flag. And I trust this Institute will be the means of arousing you, who are to be the educators of your race, to renewed zeal and enthusasm in the cause. You are in a great measure to mould the life, character and morals of your race. It is yours to deal with the young mind when the sensibilities are tender, when deep and permanent impressions may be made. No truer saying ever entered into the maxims of any language than this line from Alexander Pope. "Just as the twig is bent the tree is inclined."

As you train and develop the child so will be to a very great extent its future career. The little tree, the offspring of the acorn, under your fostering care and culture becomes the tall and stately oak giving shade, comfort and protection to man and beast, but neglected it becomes crooked, gnarled and worthless, fit only to be devoured by the flames. There is a true education, and there is a false education.

The Greeks and Persians and other nations whose names have come down to us on the scroll of ancient history, attached so much importance to education that they made it compulsory. In Sparta famed for the heroism and valor of its people, according to the laws of Lycrugus the State took the education of children into its own hands.

When a boy child was born the elders of the tribe visited him and if he was found to be deformed or weakly they condemned to him perish. They wanted soldiers. They educated their children for war, for conquest. They exposed them to every species of self-denyal and hardship, cold, heat, hunger and thirst. Literature was only learned as a matter of necessity. All the sciences were banished out of the country. Their whole "college course" could be summed up in. how to obey, how to bear hardship and fatigue and how to conquer in battle. They were taught to steal because it inspired their youth with greater boldness, subtilty and address. The only punishment meeted was to those who for want of dexterity were caught in the act. This kind of education was every way suited to the Spartans whose chief and only business was war, robery and pillage of the surrounding tribes and nations.

But this is not the education of our day. We want that kind of education that does not seek the destruction but the building up of men and nations. Education and intellectual attainments are indeed a power but whether this power will be wielded for good or evil to man-kind will depend upon the moral character of the possessor. The intellectual education of a child cannot alone produce a perfect manhood. If you are not, therefore qualified by the purity of your own life, by your example as well precept, to teach the fundamental principles of morality you are not qualified to teach children however great your literary attainments and you ought at once to abandon the vocation and go home to the plow and the cotton field.

Teaching is one of the highest employments on earth. Jesus Christ the only perfet model of man spent his public life in teaching the people. Many, very many of the greatest men of ancient and modern times have been teachers.

To remove the mists from ignorance and let the light of truth shine in on a being made in the image of God, to give the key to all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge, to any soul, however feeble, is a work worthy of the angels in heaven. Press forward then in the work of your high calling. Examine all things, hold fast to that which is good, but move onward and upward and still onward and let your cry ever be, "Excelsior! Excelsior!!

We are always ready to give credit to whom credit is due, and do think this Institute is very creditable to the negro teachers of this section.

Alliance Department.

ALLIANCE NOTES, DISCUSSIONS AND THE DOINGS OF THE VARIOUS LODGES.

[THE CAUCASIAN was adopted as the official Organ of the Sampson County Alliance at the meeting in January 19th, 1889.]

Appointments by County Lecturer.

I have accepted invitations to lecture at the following times and places:

Beulah, Sampson county (Alliance picnic) Thursday July 23rd.

Lisbon, Sampson county (Farmers' Dinner) July 24th.

Glenwood, Johnston county (Picnic) Aug. 8th.

Mingo, Sampson county, Public Instaliation) Aug. 15th.

I have been forced to decline subsequent invitations, on account of conflict of date, as follows:

Corinth Duplin county, (Union Alliance Picnic) Aug. 22d.

White Oak, Bladen county, July 24; Bentonsville, Johnston county, July 23; Friendship, Duplin county, July 24; Atkinson, Pender county, July 24th.

MARION BUTLER.
County Lecturer.

ASST. STATE LECTURER HUNTER

Will Speak in Sampson and Adjoining Counties.

Below I give you list of appointments in Sampson and adjoining counties for public addresses

Stedman's,	Cumberland,	July 24th.
Devotion,	"	" 25th.
Clinton,	Sampson,	July 27th.
Goshen Academy,	"	28th.
Magnolia,	Duplin,	" 29th.
Chinquepin,	Duplin,	" 30th.
Richlands,	Onslow,	" 31st.
Palo Alto,	"	Aug. 1st.

Speaking to begin at 11 a. m. address public and if desirable private address to Alliance in afternoon.

R. B. HUNTER,
Lecturer.

SAMPSON COUNTY.

TAYLOR'S BRIDGE.

There will be a Union Meeting of the Sub-Alliances of Taylor's Bridge township on Friday before the 1st Sunday in August, 1891. We hope to have a full turnout. Mr. M. Butler is fespectfully invited to be present and give us a lecture.

B. MATTHEWS,
Sect'y of Union.

DUPLIN COUNTY.

THE CAUCASIAN was adopted as the official Organ of the Duplin County Alliance at the January meeting of 1891

The postoffice address of Mr. C. S. Carr, County Secretary of Duplin Alliance, is Xenia, N. C.

CHANGE OF APPOINTMENTS.

We are requested by the brethren around Magnolia to say that they have decided to have the lecture of Assistant State Lecturer Hunter at Magnolia instead of Concord, as formerly announced. The date, Wednesday, July 29th, is not changed.

THE CONCORD UNION.

On last Saturday we went down in Duplin to attend the Union Meeting of several Sub-Alliances at Concord. No where have we found the order stronger and the membership more thoroughly aroused. This writer delivered an address to a large crowd of intelligent and attentive ladies and gentlemen. A bountiful dinner was spread, followed by a "watermelon treat."

The crops in that section of Duplin are very fine. The corn has seldom been better, and with a late fall the cotton prospect is very good.

AN OPEN LETTER.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE SOUTH:

If a merchant has goods to sell he does not expect a customer to buy until he sees the quality and price.

If the South has lands, water powers, minerals and timber to sell they cannot be sold unless they are advertised, and unless what they are capable of producing and the quality is shown to those desiring to purchase.

The opportunity presented to the people of each county in the South to advertise its resources, free of cost, at the Southern Inter-State Permanent Display and Exposition is an exceptional one, and no wide awake section can afford to be left out.

Below we give a list of articles and the quantity that can be exhibited. It will cost but very little to collect the articles for exhibition, and all Southern railroads are transporting the exhibits free. All that is necessary is to direct to Southern Exposition, Raleigh, N. C.

The following are among the articles desirable for each section of the South to place in the Southern Exposition to be held in the city of Raleigh, N. C.

One-half bushel of each variety of the following: Barley, buckwheat, corn, oats, rye, rice, wheat grass seed, cane seed, field peas, beans, dried apples, peaches, quinces, prunes, cherries, wild and cultivated berries, nuts and acorns.

Preserved fruits in half-gallon glass jars.

One to ten pounds of each variety of cotton in seed and lint; flax and jute in various stages of manipulation.

Ten pounds of each variety of sugar; one gallon of each variety of molasses and sorghum; honey, one quart or one to ten pounds in comb.

Two pounds of each variety of tobacco.

Ten pounds of each variety of grass; one bundle, six inches in diameter, of each variety of grain in sheaf.

Hops, five pounds; broom corn, ten to twenty-five heads; garden peas and beans, one gallon of each variety dried.

Plants and growing shrubs in pots.

Spiritous liquors, wines and all kinds of liquids, one quart of each variety.

Minerals, building stones precious stones, marl and phosphate rock, any size specimens; soils, one foot square as deep as desired, boxed up so as to retain the same shape as when taken from the ground.

Wood and timber specimens, if in sawed form, one inch thick, any width and length; if a section is sawed from the tree to be any size desired; if split from the tree, the section to be large enough to square at least two by four inches, by four feet long.

Manufactured goods, from cotton wool, flax and silk, each sample usual width, six yards long; from wood or iron, one specimen of a kind.

Stuffed birds and animals; Indian relics and curiosities; photographic views of buildings, farms and scenery, one of a kind.

The above list of articles may be added to, both in variety and quantity, according to what is produced, manufactured or found in each State or community.

The cheapest means of advertising is to have a dozen columns of one issue of your county papers devoted to the advantages that your county can offer to land buyers; and have one to ten thousand printed and send to us for distribution among the large number of visitors who will attend the Permanent Display, which is continuously open to the public, and the Exposition proper, to be held during October and November. The visitors will expect to see what the South has to offer home-seekers and capitalists.

Do not wait until October. Take this work up at once, for the Permanent Display is now being arranged in the city of Raleigh. The Permanent Display will be kept open all the year round, so that what is sent in at once will be doing your section great good, and you can add to it from time to time as you make collections.

Respectfully,
J. T. PATRICK, Sect'y,
Raleigh, N. C.

NEWSY ITEMS.

(Special Correspondent.)

MT. OLIVE, N. C., July 14.

We understand that Mr. C. B. Price has some fine cotton, but from what we hear the cotton on Mr. J. D. Aaron's place must be the finest in Wayne county.

Mr. A. English had ripe canteloupes on the 9th instant. Who can beat that?

Miss Lottie Long, formerly of the Racket Store, has accepted a position as clerk with Mr. Stephen Herring.

Master Bruce English, who has been spending sometime in Wilmington, returned Monday.

Mr. B. H. Hatch went down to Wilmington last week to meet his good lady, who has been spending sometime in South Carolina. We are glad to see her back.

Rev. M. H. Tuttle and family are spending sometime in the Western part of the State.

DUTCH.

All Through Sampson.

What Sampsonians are Doing and Saying.

Send us the news from your township for this column. Every subscriber to this paper has a right and is requested to contribute items of news in "hes" neighborhood for this column. We will not publish your name unless you desire it.

HALLS.

Died, on the 16th of July, the infant son of Mr. Minson McLamb, about three weeks old.

Our friend, Mr. G. B. Cashwell, who has been sick for the past week, is now improving.

J. R. R.

NORTH CLINTON.

Rev. G. S. Best, who has been quite sick for sometime, is improving, and expects to be at Brown's church, next Saturday and Sunday, and specially request the members to meet him.

FRANKLIN.

Died, on the 22th instant, Mrs. Barbra Junis. She had been sick over a year with the scrofula, which finally killed her after much suffering. She was a kind woman and thought well of by all who knew her.

Crops are good in this section, especially the corn crop.

The huckleberry crop for the year 1891 will in a few days be a thing of the past. Oh! what will the people do? Why, of course, they will fall back on the dog tongue idea and yank it from every wire grass corner; though we have been visited with so many destructive fires for the last few years that it has greatly injured that precious weed.

After reading about Mr. J. F. Lewis' cow in THE CAUCASIAN sometime since, I concluded I would see how good my cows were, so I milked three cows and got three gallons of milk which made 17 ounces of butter in one day. Mrs. D. DeVane has eight cows, from which she gets eight gallons of milk every day and makes four pounds of butter. These are facts that you may place along with other historical events and happenings of old Sampson.

Picnic excursions seem to be the order of the day, at least there are more of them than anything else, except red bugs, which find such good pasturage during the huckleberry and picnic season, and are no respectors of persons.

Three cheers for the Farmers' Alliance. Our people have faith in the Order and see good results from it already.

A SUBSCRIBER.

LISBON.

There will be the grandest social gathering of the people at the Farmers' dinner July 24th, 1891, at Lisbon church, in this township, that the people have seen in many a day. For as we cannot see all personally we take this method of inviting and requesting every one near to bring his or her basket that we may have a happy repast, and bring back to memory bygone days. We invite the poor, the rich and every profession. Come one; come all! Plenty of lemonade will be there.

MANY FARMERS.

Refreshing rains, promising crops and smiling farmers.

On Thursday, July 16th, 1891, Mr. Elias Royal was to see his girl, near Harrell's Store, and on a pretext of going to church at Wells' Chapel he took her to Mr. Allen Blackburn's and presented his license and in a short while Miss Ella Fennel was Mrs. Elias Royal. Girls don't pine, we have a few widowers left.

The pic-nic at Lisbon will be an Alliance pic-nic. A large crowd with baskets is expected. We expect a big dinner, plenty of watermelons, no cider nor dancing, and good speaking, and if Mr Marion Butler is there the speaking will be all O. K.

Mr. P. S. Vann left Tuesday for Scotland Neck, where he will enter Scotland Neck Military School on September 7th, 1891. PIZMERINK.

Good news for the little boys and girls. My little friends when you have the ground itch go to the cow-pen and milk some warm fresh milk on the place where it itches for two or three mornings and I will insure a cure. If you will commence the treatment as soon as the itching commences one treatment will suffice. Some of you who have the old seven year itch try it. I believe it will cure you in seven days.

Well, I have laughed until my sides hurt. On one occasion one of our boys went to see his sweetheart and they gave him a butcher knife to eat breakfast with. I have heard it said that if a suitor gave his sweetheart a small pocket-knife it would sever their love, and when it comes to a butcher-knife what will the consequence be?

TURKEY.

Mr. Charlie Carroll, of this township has a very fine crop. From present prospects he will make one hundred barrels of corn and he tells me that he has paid only two dollars for hired labor in making it. He has done all the remainder of the work himself. This shows what can be done without the negro labor.

We anticipate an enjoyable day at the Alliance pic-nic at Beulah (Ten Mile Church) on Thursday, July 23d. The County Lecturer will be present and speak for us.

Married, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. A. Matthews, in Turkey township, on the 8th inst., Mr. M. A. Beazley to Miss Lennie Matthis, V. J. McArthur, J. P., officiating. The occasion proved to be highly enjoyable to all. While the old folks discussed topics of general interest to the welfare of the community, the young people, in responding to their own sentimental feelings carried into execution the admonition of the Psalmist David, when he said: "Praise the Lord with stringed instruments and dance." In the evening the newly wedded couple started for their future home followed by a few of the near relatives to attend the reception which, indeed, was highly enjoyed. Thus the happy occasion passed away and in congratulating the happy couple we predict for them a truly christian life, hoping that they may realize all the fond hopes and desires connected with the marriage relation and when the common reaper of mortal existence shall come they may be reunited in the celestial mansions above, where there is but one Shepherd and one fold.

AN ATTENDANT.

Mrs. Thos. Hall, of Duplin, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs Dr. Haywood Faison, for some time has returned.

MINGO.

Mr. Editor: As I have been on a visit and just returned, I of course, called for THE CAUCASIAN the first thing after saluting all with a hearty grip. After a careful perueal of your most excellent paper, I saw to my surprise that R. S. Holmes had reported a cotton blossom on Monday, June 22d. This was very good, but could Mr. "Stub" have been at home he would have sent in one for Mr. Wm. A. Warren on Saturday, June 20th. Good for Mingo, the "fordest" of the season.

There were a series of meetings at Bethsada church, beginning on last Saturday, the 18th instant, conducted by the Revs. L. J. Moore, of Goldsboro, and Barney Perkins, of Pikeville.

There was a "Demorest" meeting at Wesley's Chapel on Saturday night, at candle light, conducted by Mr. H. B. Culbreth's class of McGee's church.

Mr. Ed. Alderman, who has recently returned from Wake Forest College, took charge of the school at Reedy Branch Monday, the 12th.

Died, on Monday evening, the 13th of June, Mr. S. T. Smith, who but a few years since was sent to the State Penitentiary for twenty years. About a year ago he broke out of the stockade on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad and made good his escape. He has been at home or around there ever since. He was in good health up to Saturday, when he commenced to complan. Since he came back he professed religion and connected himself with the Church.

I am as ever, STUB.

The corn crop of this section bids fair for a good yield.

There will be a debate and basket picnic at Glenwood Academy on the 8th of August, commencing at 10 A. M. Query: Resolved, That the Gloomiest days of the World's History are yet to come. Speakers, affirmative, Mosley Blackman and M. Bell. Negative, P. E. Johnson and A. H. Williams. Public invited to attend with baskets. Messrs. D. B. Nicholson and Marion Butler have accepted invitations to be present and speak.

CROSS-EYED SAM.

NEWTON GROVE.

Rev. Jas. Johnson has been holding a protracted meeting at Hooppole Church. Thirty additions to the church were made.

Two schools open this week, one by Mr. D. T. Oates, at Bluff, the other by Miss Mary Williams; at Newton Grove.

Mr. J. B Sutton, who has been quite sick, is improving.

LITTLE COHARIE.

Assistant State Lecturer R. B. Hunter will speak at Autryville next Saturday, the 25th. County Lecturer Marion Butler has been invited to be present and speak also.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says; Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50 cents a bottle, at R. H. HOLLIDAY'S Drug-store, Clinton, N. C., and JOHN R. SMITH, druggist, Mt. Olive, N. C.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, and J. R. SMITH, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C. oct-30, tf.

FRANK THORNTON'S COLUMN.

THE H. B. CLAFLIN CO.'S BIG FIRE!

All newspaper readers will remember reading a short time ago of a big fire in H. B. Claflin Co.' immense store in New York, causing an actual loss of One Hundred Thousand Dollars. The regular New York buyer for

FRANK THORNTON

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C,

Wired him that as soon as the insurance adjusters were through there would be big bargains in the market. He was advised to use his discression, and the result is highly satisfactory to me, and I think will be to my patrons. We were among the first buyers at this slaughter sale, and secured first choice of the most desirable goods offered and propose giving our customers the advantage we obtained. The majority of these goods you would never know had been through a fire, unless told so, or on account of the

Extraordinary Low Prices.

We mention a few of them, and suggest an early inspection, as they will not stay with us long.

Five Cases Cabot 4-4 Bleached Muslin, regular price 8 cents per yard, we now offer by the piece or yard at 6½c.

Five cases Fruit of the Loom Bleached Muslin, at 8 cents per yard, by the piece or yard.

Five bales, 4-4 Echo Lake fine Unbleached Muslin, regular price 7c per yard, we now offer at 5½c per yard.

Two hundred pieces Dress Prints, new spring styles, regular price 7½c, we are now offering at 4½c.

Challie Delaines!

Worth everywhere 8 cents per yard, we now offer at 2½c per yard.

Twenty-five pieces Blue Twilled Flannels, heavy and firm, value 50 cents per yard we now offer at 25c per yard.

Ten bales Dwight Anchor 4-4 heavy and fine unbleached Muslin, regular price 9c. we now offer by the piece or yard at 7c. per yard.

One case Lancaster 10-4 unbleached Sheeting, a rare bargain, we offer at 19c. per yard.

One case Dwight Star Unbleached 40-inch Pillow Case Muslin, regular price and value 10c, we now offer at 7c. per yard.

Two cases Continental Unbleached 40-inch Pillow Case Muslin, regular price and value 11c. we now offer at 7½c per yard,

One case fine Unbleached 35-inch Muslin, regular price 7c. we now offer at 4½c. per yard.

Twenty-five pieces 64-inch Bleached Table Damask, real value and regular price 50c. we now offer at 32c per yard.

Twenty-two hundred and thirty-eight yards Plaid Nainsook, one of the biggest bargains you ever struck at 4½c per yard.

Twenty-one hundred and sixty-one yards, Plaid Nainsook, see them at 4c. per yard.

Fifteen hundred and thirty four yards Lace Pearl Nainsook, 15c. per yard quality, at 9c per yard.

TWENTY-FIVE CASES

Assorted Pants Goods.

This assortment comprises the following well known brands: Louisiana, Attakappas, Covington, Deerskins, Double and Twist Cassimeres, etc. These goods will be sold at 25 per cent. less than usual price and you cannot detect a flaw in them.

Fifteen cases assorted Ginghams, real worth 10c. we now offer by the yard or piece at 6½c per yard.

Ten cases Satines, worth actually 15c. we now offer by the yard or piece at 7½c per yard.

Twenty-five cases Floor Oil Cloth, a rare bargain, former price 75c. per yard, we now offer at 30c. per yard.

Twenty-five pieces Carpet, all styles, at just one half their value.

Such bargains as are offered in this selection are exceedingly rare, and don't last long.

WHOLESALE BUYERS

Might very judiciously place early orders before the stock is picked over.

FRANK THORNTON,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.